BEAVER ARGUS

Wednesday, Sept. 16, 1863.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

TERMS—ONE DOLLAR and FIFTY CENTS per annum, IN ADVANCE; otherwise Two DOLLARS will be charged. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are settled.

[illegible] Letters and communications, by mail, shall have prompt attention.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

VIRTUE LIBERTY & INDEPENDENCE

Vol. 39--No. 36. Beaver, Wednesday, September 16, 1863. Established 1818.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of 75 cents per square—each subsequent insertion 25 cents. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers, and on long advertisements.

A space equal to TWELVE lines of this type measured as a square.

Special notices 25 per cent. addition to regular rates.

Business cards, 75 cents a line, per year.

Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

Time Table.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH, R. R.

Beaver Station—GOING EAST.

[illegible] Apr. 20, 1863.—Trains [illegible] as follows:

[illegible] Arrives at Pittsburgh 8:10 A. M.

[illegible] 5:20 P. M.

[illegible] 8:05 P. M.

GOING WEST—

[illegible]

[illegible] Arrive at Beaver 7:40 A. M.

[illegible] Rochester 2:10 P. M.

[illegible] 5:25 P. M.

J. N. McCULLOUGH, Pres't.

F. R. MYERS, [illegible]

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.

Rochester Station—GOING EAST.

Leaves Rochester Arr. at Pitts.

[illegible]

GOING WEST—

Leaves Pitts. Arr. at Rochester.

Crestline Accom. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] BRADLEY, Sup't E. D.

Register's Notice.

ALL persons interested in the following Administration and Guardian Accounts, which have been passed and filed in the Register's office of Beaver county, Pa., [illegible] that the same will be presented [illegible] Court, to be held at Beaver, [illegible] day of September, [illegible]

[illegible] final account of Robert Gra- [illegible] of the estate of James [illegible]

[illegible]

JOHN CESSNA,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JOHN P. PENNEY,

Speaker of the Senate.

Office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth,

Harrisburg, July 1, 1863.

PENNSYLVANIA, SS:

I do hereby certify that the foregoing and annexed is a full, true and correct copy of the original Joint [illegible] of the General Assembly, entitled "A Joint Resolution proposing certain amendments to the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

In Testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Secretary's office to be affixed, the day and year above written.

ELI SLIFER,

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

$20 Reward.

[illegible] Fisher, near the boro. of Beaver.

DAVID STOYLE.

NEW-YORK TRIBUNE.

1863.

THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE, first issued in 1841, in its twenty-second year, has obtained both a larger and a more widely diffused circulation than any other newspaper ever published in America. Though it has suffered, in common with other journals, from the volunteering and departure of tens of thousands of its patrons to serve in the War for the Union, its circulation on this 6th of December, 1862, is as follows:

Daily	50,125
Semi-Weekly	17,250
Weekly	148,000
Aggregate	215,375

Pre-eminently a journal of News and of Literature, THE TRIBUNE has political convictions which are well characterized by the single word REPUBLICAN. It is Republican in its hearty adhesion to the great truth that "God has made of one blood all nations of men"—Republican in its assertion of the equal and inalienable rights of all men to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness"—Republican in its steadfast, earnest, defiant hostility to every scheme and effort of the Slave Power, from the Annexation of Texas to the great Rebellion, to grasp the empire of the New World and wield the resources of our country for its own aggrandizement—Republican in its antagonism to the despots of the Old World, who fondly hail in the perils and calamities suddenly thrust upon us by their American counterpart the overthrow and ruin of the Model Republic—Republican in its hope and trust, its faith and effort, that this atrocious Rebellion must result in the signal overthrow of its plotters and the firm establishment of equal rights and equal laws throughout the whole extent of our country, wherein Liberty and Union shall indeed be "one and inseparable," henceforth and forever.

THE TRIBUNE devotes attention in calmer times, and to some extent in these, to Education, Temperance, Agriculture, Inventions, and whatever else may minister to the spiritual and material progress and well-being of mankind; but for the present its energies and its columns are mainly devoted to the invigoration and success of the War for the Union. Its special correspondents accompany every considerable army and report every important incident of that great struggle which we trust to result in the signal and conclusive triumph of the National arms and in the restoration of Peace and Thrift to our distracted, bleeding country. We believe that not otherwise can a fuller or more accurate view of the progress and character of this momentous conflict be obtained than through the regular perusal of our columns. And we earnestly solicit the co-operation of all friends of the National cause, which we regard and uphold as that of Universal Humanity, to aid us in extending its circulation.

TERMS.

The enormous increase in the price of printing paper and other materials used in printing newspapers, compels us to [illegible] the price of THE TRIBUNE. Our new terms are:

DAILY TRIBUNE.

Single copy, [illegible] cents.

Mail subscribers, one year (311 issues) $8.

SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One copy, one year (104 issues) $3

Two copies, one year $5

Five copies, one year $12

Ten copies, one year $22.50

An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty and over.

WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One copy, one year (52 issues) $2

Three copies, one year $5

Five copies, one year $8

Ten copies, one year $15

Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1.50 each. An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten.

Twenty copies, to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at same price. An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. To clubs of thirty THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE will be sent. To clubs of fifty THE DAILY TRIBUNE will be sent gratis.

Address THE TRIBUNE,
Tribune Buildings, New-York.

When drafts can be procured it is much safer than to remit Bank Bills. The name of the Post Office and State should in all cases be plainly written.

Subscribers who send money by Express, must prepay the Express charges, else it will be deducted from the remittance.

THE TRIBUNE ALMANAC FOR 1863 will be ready about Christmas.

"Union Hotel,"

BEAVER, PENN'A.

ALEX. CLARK, PROPRIETOR.

IN addition to the conveniences of a first-class Hotel the Proprietor has fitted up in the building, in a complete and satisfactory manner, an

OYSTER SALOON,

where the best quality of Oysters may be obtained during their season, in any desired style. Families can be furnished with Oysters, by the can or dozen. The table is furnished with all the luxuries the PITTSBURG MARKET [illegible]

[illegible] liberal patronage heretofore [illegible] a continuance of the same is [illegible] dec17

POCKET-KNIVES, Scissors, Gum Hair Pins, [illegible], Needles, Tweezers, Pencil-sharpeners, Spool Cotton, Thread, Pins, &c., for sale at the Drug Store of

oc23. DR. C. P. CUMMINS.

From the Army.

CAMP AT BEALTON STATION, VA., }
August 20th, 1863. }

Dear Friend: * * * I want to say a few words to you myself at this time, and to all loyal Republicans. The time has come when there is a great work for you to do, and I feel assured you will do your part faithfully, and I trust that you will be the means of urging others to do the same—to come out strong in support of the Union party. You may think it strange that we, as soldiers, out here—bitten by mosquitos and other insects, and tortured by an August sun, and drenched by the heavy rains—would take an interest in politics or think of such things; but for a moment take a look at the state of things at present, and if I mistake not, you will think as we do. We have secession on its last peg, and let us all put our hand to, and it will have to come down. You at home, may think that you can't do as much as if you was in the field; but you, at the ballot box this coming election, can do more in one day there than if you was fighting for weeks out here. So think of this, and let nothing stop you from using all the influence in your power in behalf of our party. Some may tell you it is no time to look after partyism; but it is just the time to put down those of the *copper helmets*, who are striving to destroy our country. I know we have enough of loyal men in our country to wipe them out this fall if they turn out. So give us a vote for Gov. Curtin and other good republican candidates, and if we succeed we will have gained a great victory for our country—greater than the victory of Gettysburg. Those of the *copper helmets* are ready to cry out "Black Republicans" and "Abolitionists" at us; but it is an honor to be called either besides a traitor, what they are; so we will not stop to kill a skunk as long as there is an elephant in the field. Look for a moment at the state of things in New York, all because Gov. Seymour is a scoundrel Democrat. If he had done as other Governor's have done, all would have passed off well; but he went to the Constitution to try and find a hole where he could stick in his copperhead, and by so doing gave those of that stamp a chance to open their mouths like the Bulls of Bashan, and start up a bellowing that ended in robbing and murdering, and disgraced the whole State. Why did not the same go on in our State and in our cities? Because we have a Governor who is loyal and true, and we love him for it; and if we were permitted to vote he would get three-fourths majority of the soldiers' votes. * * *

Your Friend, R. H. BROWN.

Camp near Rappahannock Station, Va.,
August 19, 1863.

Dear Friend: * * * I am content with my lot as a soldier in the Federal army, striving to defend and support the cause of our once glorious and happy country. This horrible rebellion has caused a great deal of trouble, destruction and loss of life. Many thousands have fell to rise no more. Many thousands have been wounded and maimed and crippled for life, and thousands of poor wives and mothers have been left to mourn their loss; but the great struggle is coming to a close. Everything now seems to indicate a speedy close of the war. But don't begin to think it will be over right away. A good deal has to be done yet, and if every man would do his part, the thing could be settled much sooner. Now, I suppose you are doing your part at home. I know you are one that is willing to do your part in this good cause. Well you have a work to do at home this fall, in the coming election. We learn that Andrew G. Curtin is again nominated for Governor, and we do hope he may be elected, as we know him to be the fittest man to be at the head of our State affairs. We have seen him, and know he has always done his part honestly and wisely in the cause of his country. What Governor has done more? When troops were called on or needed he was ready to bring them to his headquarters, and forward them right to the field, and is always ready and and willing to attend to the welfare of the poor soldier. He comes to the battle field after a fight and sees that all our State troops are properly cared for. We noticed the third day after the battle of Chancellorville he was on the spot, and did not leave until he saw the last man attended to. He never goes to Washington without visiting the hospitals to see how his own State troops are getting along; and he can speak kindly to them, and has a smile on his face for every one as he passes along the ward. May God bless Governor Curtin.

Now, you may think it strange that a soldier down here, rolling in the dust would think of the interest of our State; but I tell you our lives are invested in this matter, and we want to see things go on as near right as possible, and we think Curtin the best man for Governor, and we hope you will take an active part in this cause; and although the young Republicans are mostly all out here, don't let those "swopes" and copperheads carry the day. A soldier is not supposed to know much about affairs at home, or political matters, but we seek for the interest of our country and our homes, and we are not exactly *asleep* out here on politics.

Yours, truly,
DANIEL BARTO.

For the Argus.

The Concert, for the Relief of Sick and Wounded Soldiers, at New Scottsville, August 26th, came off with entire success and universal satisfaction, even more—all were delighted. The sky was so serene and the air so pleasantly cool as to make the many present in love with the day and give its entertaining exercises a more favorable reception. The attention and order was no less good than the attendance was large and respectable.

We would speak chiefly of the performances which were the principal attractions of the day. Our attention was first drawn by the novel yet pleasing object—the Economy Brass Band. Never before, we believe, have they consented to play for other places and persons than to their own townsmen in their own peculiar little town. The Band is composed of nine members, young men of whom, some indeed are so young that on their chins the callow down of adolescence has not yet grown. But, however youthful in years, their musical culture and experience must be long and of the best character. Nor do they need to acquire the works of the best musical composers of other places to make the best music since they have in their leader, Dr. Feight, one whose musical talent is shown by his compositions to be of the highest order. The "Gaspar Polka," "General Anderson Polka," "Storm March" and the "Farewell March" which they discoursed on that day, are worthy of the best composers who are highly celebrated in other lands than our own. Their music altogether was such as to please the ear and rapt the fancy of hearer, especially the *Sonatina* from *La Gazza Ladra* and the overture to William Tell, both by Rossini.

The addresses, delivered by Judge Agnew and the Rev. G. W. Taylor, were very appropriate and interesting. The former remarked chiefly upon the Soldier as an object of honor, sympathy, and benevolence, while the latter stated the purpose and some of the beneficial results of the Christian Commission. No one, in respect to the present political campaign, suspected the learned Judge of blowing his own trumpet on that day; yet, the number of his loyal constituents were not in the least diminished by his eloquent address in behalf of our brave and devoted soldiers. All heard him with the utmost reverence and appreciation as far as we could learn, but a constitutional-disunion democrat who said he "wouldn't give a cent for it," which was an appropriate remark by no means to be unexpected from him, for he had no sense (cents).

The vocalists were the Misses Duncan, Nevin, Wendt, Frisbee, the Messrs. J. W. Scott, Donaldson and others, lead by the Rev. J. W. Witherspoon. We understand that their practice in the capacity of a Double Quartette has been short and only limited, yet their execution was such as to more than do justice to themselves and was worthy of the most extensive musical knowledge and experience. Their music was beautiful and appropriate in the extreme. Among others they sang, "Unfold the Glorious Banner," "The Battle Cry of Freedom," "Brave boys are they," "Our Banner of Glory," and "Who will care for Mother then?" in such a manner as to thrill the hearts of the audience and call forth loud and long applause.

There were those present who have been at many concerts who said that this was the best one they had ever attended. The net proceeds amounted to the sum of two hundred dollars, whose disposal is accounted for by the following receipt:

Received of Rev. G. W. Taylor, two hundred dollars, the proceeds of a concert held at New Scottsville, in the U. P. Church, August 26th, 1863.

J. MURRAY, Treasurer,
Army Committee of Christian Commission of Beaver.

How so large a sum was raised is clearly explained by the follow letter:

ECONOMY, Aug. 25, 1863.

MESSRS. DUNCAN, WITHERSPOON, and others, Committee.—*Gentlemen*—This letter will be handed you by Dr. Feight, who goes to Scottsville with his Brass Band, and a few other members of our Society to attend your Concert for the benefit of our sick and wounded soldiers. May your praiseworthy undertaking be well rewarded by ample means for the purpose inteded. We enclose a check for one hundred dollars, which please add to the receipts of the day, as coming from the Harmony Society at Economy.

Repectfully yours,
R. L. BAKER, Trustee.

GEN. MEADE ON THE END OF THE WAR.—Gen. Meade said at a sword presentation the other day:

"I have to request of you gentlemen who are in civil life that, when you return home, you will spare no efforts to make the people understand that all we want are men to fill up our ranks. Send these to us. Give us the numbers, an the war will soon be concluded. I think the rebels are now satisfied that that their struggle is only a matter of time, as we have the force on our side, and that as soon as they see hat we are bringing out that force irearnest, they will yield."

☞ A sigle woman has generally but a single purpose, and we all know what that is.

Letter from Robert Toombs---He Declares the Confederacy Bankrupt.

The Washington *Chronicle* has received the Georgia *Constitutionalist* of the 24th of August, containing a letter from Robert Toombs, late Senator of the United States and late rebel Secretary of State. It is undoubted and startling evidence of the bankruptcy and failure of the Confederacy. He boldly exposes the wickedness and corruption of the managers of the bogus Government, and says that the whole concern is rotten, worthless and *wicked.* The laws are weak, and the rulers oppressive, and a starving community are impoverished and plundered. I quote the following remarkable paragraph:

"Can I say more to expose the boundless folly of our present financial system? *The history of the currency of our enemies, since the beginning of this war, is humiliating to us.* Neither had foreign credits. Both had powful and established State Governments to back them. We were united in favor of the war. They were divided. *They have kept twice the number of men in the field that we have, upon half the money, and paid their soldiers better than we have. Their treasury notes sell at a discount of less than thirty per cent*; ours at more than one thousand. The reason is solely that their Government has better understood and more firmly adhered to the true principles of currency than ours. In all else we had the advantage."

Toombs proceeds, and says that taxation, rigid comprehension, and loans, are the only ways by which sound currency can be obtained. He thus concludes:

"*We must act, and that quickly. The public interest and public safety will no longer allow delay. Our present system is utterly insupportable.* It is upsetting the very foundations of private rights; daily weakening public confidence in our cause at home and abroad; sowing among the people dangerous discontents, which are daily deepening and widening. Patriotism demands that all good men should unite to correct this evil."

Slavery and the War.

Green Clay Smith made a telling speech at Hamilton, Butler county, on the 19th ult. In speaking of emancipation he said:

Kentucky is a slave State and voted against Lincoln. He was not there as an advocate of Lincoln. He had always been a Douglas Democrat, and was so to-day, and was to-day a slave owner, and yet was denounced as an Abolitionist by the Louisville *Journal* and others. He was happy to say that there was 5,000 Abolition majority in his district.

The speaker considered the charge that the war was waged for the destruction of slavery untrue, for Kentucky stands to-day a slave State, so it is with Maryland and Delaware.—Not one of their institutions have been interfered with by the Government—emancipation was not effected in these because their integrity is maintained and they have stood by the Government—and so the Government has stood by us.

The speaker then gave the reason why slavery was interfered with, which are familiar to all, and gave his own position on slavery in Kentucky. In reference to the Emancipation Proclamation he said he, and probably all the people in Kentucky, were opposed to it because it might affect Union men; he would have it construed so as not to interfere. But it has been issued, what shall we do?—Revolt? No! There is not power enough—wisdom, intrigue or rascality enough to take Kentucky out of the Union. We say to-day that if Ohio doesn't stand up the cause, Kentucky will whip her into it.

The speaker then, by a history of the last two years, showed how uniform has been the success of the cause of the Government. The cry of "peace, peace," had been raised, but had immediately been hushed up whenever the rebel arms were triumphant.

"Those anxious for peace can have it to night. Let the rebels lay down their arms, deliver over their leaders to be hung to-morrow, and they can have peace." Until this is done, tho' he would rejoice with tears of joy over the day of peace, never would he lay down his arms.

PLEAS FOR EXEMPTION.—A drafted Irishman called upon a lawyer in Providence, R. I., on Saturday, and desired to have exemption papers prepared, claiming exemption from military service for the several reasons which he named: 1. That he was the only son of a widow dependent on him for support; 2d. That his father was in such infirm health as to be unable to get his own living; 3. That he had two brothers in the service already; all of which Patrick desired then and there to verify by affidavit.

WANTED.—A fife and drummer to beat time for the "march of intellect;" a pair of snuffers to trim the "light of other days;" a ring that will fit the "finger of scorn;" a loose pully to run on the "shaft of envy," and a new cushion for the "seat of government."

"He's a Capital Fellow, but—He Drinks."

This saying seems to be the staple charge of envious or meddlesome busy-bodies against the Generals of our armies. No sooner does a General come to occupy a conspicuous position than singularly enough he is instantly discovered to be an insufferable toper. It is not easy to count the number of officers whose reputations have been clouded, by the fatal whisper, "Oh, yes, he's a first rate General, but he drinks"—although as in the case of Hooker, the charge may be totally destitute of foundation.

We have heard a capital story of Mr. Lincoln in connection with this charge of intemperance against our Generals. In common with many of his peers, the distinguished conqueror of Mississippi, Grant, has been charged with gross indulgence in intoxicating drinks, although it is well known to his personal staff, that so abstemious is he that he will not even use spirits in his water, although most of our officers in the Western army hold it indispensable to health to do so, in view of the frequent changes of water, and its uniform bad quality. A "committee," just previous to the fall of Vicksburg, solicitous for the morals of our armies, took it upon themselves to visit the President, and urge the removal of Gen. Grant.

"What for?" said Mr. Lincoln.

"Why," replied the busy-bodies, "he drinks too much whiskey."

"Ah!" rejoined Mr. Lincoln; "can you inform me, gentlemen, where Gen. Grant procures his whiskey?"

The "committee" confessed they could not.

"Because," added Old Abe, with a merry twinkle in his eyse, "if I can find out, *I'll send every General in the field a barrel of it!*"

The delegation retired in reasonably good order.—*Newark Mercury.*

Fair Issues.

Curtin and Agnew are in favor of sustaining the National Government, while Lowrie and Woodward are opposed to it, and in favor of letting the seceded States erect a government that shall be founded on slavery as its chief corner stone, and forever antagonize and imbroil freedom.

Curtin and Agnew are in favor of putting down armed rebellion with the force of arms, while Woodward and Lowrie deny the authority of the National Government to coerce a State, thus inviting States to resist all laws passed by Congress which do not meet their local approval—and thus too, placing the National Government in a position where it would be ever in peril and incapable of good.

Curtin and Agnew are opposed to the disfranchisement of any American citizen except for such offences which the laws decree as crimes, while Woodward and Lowrie make the noblest qualities of valor and deeds of bravery in defence of the Government, crimes which justify the disfranchisement of American citizens.—On this principle, Woodward decreed and Lowrie approved the disfranchisement of the soldiers of Pennsylvania.—*Har. Tel.*

An Old Patriot.

Sitting at General Ransom's headquarters the other day, writes a Natchez correspondent, I saw a gray-haired man, bent with age, coming feebly up to the porch. He asked if he might come in. "Certainly, sir, if you have business here." He came tottering in, and stated his business to the aid. He wishes to enlist in the United States Army! "But you are to old." "I am only sixty." "But you are too feeble." "I think I could drive a team or cook. I have come thirty-three miles on a straight road to see you, and I wish to live and die with you. These secession devils out yonder have just worried my life out of me—bothered me, cursed me, stole me poor, tried to force me into the rebel service, and swear they will force me in yet. That's a pretty flag over the porch. I haven't seen that flag in many a weary day. I seen it in Jackson's time, in the war of 1812." The old man was assured of protection without enlistment, and went on his way.

A Good Endorsement.

At the recent presentation of a sword to Gen. Meade, both that distinguished officer and Gen. Crawford, bore testimony to the patriotism and devotion of Andrew G. Curtin. Both hoped that the people of Pennsylvania, would re-elect him to the position which he now so ably fills. This is an endorsement of no ordinary character. Neither of these generals are politicians, they are patriots and soldiers, fighting for the maintenance of our government and the preservation of our liberties. Commendation from such men will make ample amends for the [illegible] heaped upon Gov. Curtin by the copperhead organs throughout the State.

☞ A gossip writes from Saratoga: Mrs. Banks cannot be called a handsome woman, but she is "comely;" dresses well, and has wit as keen as her husband's sword. Some stupid fool ventured to ask her what she would do if the General was killed. "Go and work for my living, as I did before I married him," was the ready reply of the lady.

Seven Times Sold as a Substitute

Among the deserters arrested, through the agency of the Bureau of Deserters, was a man in Boston, who had enlisted in a Massachusetts regiment, and after having served some time deserted and returned to Boston, where he went into the business of selling himself as a substitute with the intention of deserting at the first opportunity, to sell himself to another person. He succeeded in hiring as a substitute *seven times*, obtained the bounty, and deserted each time. He lodged at one of the fashionable hotels in Boston, dressed handsomely, and entertained his friends in princely style. When he wanted to hire as a substitute, he would dress in coarse, rough clothes, and disguise himself in such a way that it was impossible to recognize him as the gay and fashionable "swell" of the first-class hotel only a few days before. He would probably have continued to play this game while the war lasted, but he incautiously wrote a letter to a fellow-soldier in his old regiment, telling him what glorious times he was having in Boston, representing in glowing language his new business of going as a substitute, told how many times he had "fooled them," and wound up by advising the soldier to desert and come home, and "coin money" by going as a substitute.—The soldier addressed had no such intention, and he showed the letter to his colonel, who forwarded in to the Provost Marshal, at Washington, who speedily caused the arrest of the deserter-substitute, and he was forwarded to his regiment a few days ago. He will, in all probability, be shot.

"The Soldiers' Candidate."

The following from the Philadelphia *Dial*, furnishes one of many proofs which might be adduced, that ANDREW G. CURTIN is a favorite with Pennsylvania soldiers enlisted in the National service. We doubt if the various Regiments from our State could be sent home to vote on the second Tuesday of October, an expression would be given in about the proportion indicated in this extract.

"This morning we had a conversation with a surgeon of one of the U. S. Military Hospitals in this city, and he informed us that a day or two since, several of the patients, in order to while away the time more pleasantly, took a vote among the soldiers in the institutions to their choice for Governor. The voting was confined only to those from Pennsylvania, there being from this State 241 patients in the hospital alluded to. The ballots were carefully assorted and counted, and stood as follows:

For Curtin..........201 votes.

" Woodward..........[illegible]

"The soldiers know too well their old and tried friends and as he clung to them in time of adversity, so will they now give him their entire support."

PEACE DEMOCRACY.—It is a notable fact that Copperheads, while clamoring for peace with the South upon any terms, are all the while threatening to create a "civil war" at the North. It is an awful thing to kill their "Southern brethern," but they can talk as coolly of a war at the North as they would of eating a dinner. Yes, the men who encourage the murder of innocent people in New York, are horror stricken at the barbarity which would use anything more severe than argument to put down the Southern rebellion. Can any one fail to see the hypocrisy of such men?

FEMALE HORSE-THIEF.—In Louisville, last week, a woman named Jennie Cummings, offered five fine horses for sale at a very low figure. Suspicions were aroused, and it was discovered that the horses were stolen from parties in Lancaster co., Ky.—She is probably a confederate of a band of horse-thieves.

☞ Camp Douglas, at Chicago, is said to be besieged by the friends of the rebel prisoners, expostulating, imploring and demanding privileges for the rebels confined. Fancy the treatment a crowd of Union women would receive, should they venture to Richmond to surround with such clamor the Libby prison!

☞ "Put your tongue out a little farther," said a physician to a female patient; "a little farther, madam, if you please—a little farther still." "Why, doctor, do you [illegible] there's no end to a woman's tongue?" said the fair invalid.

LOAN ON CREDIT.—The popular vote in Louisville on Saturday [illegible] showed [illegible] to one in favor of a loan of the city to the Louisville and Nashville Railroad for $[illegible].

☞ An honest man's the noblest work of God; but the edition is small, suggests a satirical writer.

☞ "Mersey on me!" exclaimed a witty Lancashire witch, when [illegible] into the river at Liverpool.

BEAVER ARGUS

Wednesday, Sept. 16, 1863.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

UNION COUNTY TICKET.

For Governor,
HON. ANDREW G. CURTIN,
OF CENTRE COUNTY.

For Supreme Judge,
HON. DANIEL AGNEW,
OF BEAVER COUNTY.

Assembly,
WILLIAM HENRY, Fallston.
ISAIAH WHITE, Lawrence County.

Sheriff,
JOSEPH LEDLIE, Beaver.

Register & Recorder,
ALFRED R. MOORE, Beaver,

Treasurer,
JOHN CAUGHEY, Beaver,

Clerk of Court,
JOHN A. FRAZIER, Darlington.

Commissioner,
JOHN H. BEIGHLEY, Economy tp.,

Coroner,
THOS. DEVINEY, New Brighton,

Poor House Director,
JOHN K. POTTER, Raccoon,

Auditor,
JOSEPH M'CLURE, Bridgewater,

Trustees of Academy.
Rev. D. A. CUNNINGHAM, Bridgew'r,
WILLIAM ORR, Beaver.

NOTICE.

HAVING disposed of my interest in the Beaver *Argus*, all those indebted to me for subscription, job work, etc., will please call and settle immediately with J. L. Anderson, who is authorized to receipt in my name.

Feb. 19, '62. T. C. NICHOLSON.

GRAND UNION RALLY!

A MASS MEETING

OF THE

FRIENDS OF THE UNION!

WILL BE HELD AT THE

FAIR GROUNDS, IN BEAVER,

FRIDAY, SEPT. 25TH, 1863.

Gov. CURTIN, of Penna,
Gen. B. F. BUTLER, of Mass
Hon. D. L. DICKINSON, of N. Y.
Gov. PIERPONT, of Va
Gen. JNO. A. LOGAN, of Ill.,
Hon. W. W. KETCHAM of Penn.
Hon. GEO. LANDON, of Penn.

and other distinguished speakers will be in attendance.

Come, Freemen of Western Pennsylvania! and hear a full and thorough discussion of the momentous issues now submitted to the people.

Let there be a full turn out.

The township sending the largest delegation, in proportion to the vote, will be presented a beautiful flag—distance to be taken into account.

A Brass Band will be present.

Notice, to Auctioneers.

Notice is hereby given that I am the only Licensed Auctioneer in the County, and that any persons employing any one else is liable to pay Three Hundred Dollars, which I intend to collect in all cases, unless the person crying sale is duly authorized by me. There is no one licensed in or near Darlington, although it has been represented to the contrary, I am informed. No further notice will be given, but violations promptly punished.

AARON MOORE,
Auctioneer of Beaver County.

M'Clure House, Wheeling.

Having occasion, a short time since, to visit Wheeling, we stopped at this well known house, kept by that best of hotel-keepers, Captain JAMES LESLIE, formerly of the Leslie House, New Castle, but more recently of the Huron House, New Brighton. The M'Clure House is one of largest and best Hotels in the West, and is full to overflowing constantly;—but this is easily accounted for, as the Capt. is known to be one of the most popular, obliging and accommodating landlords to be found anywhere, no matter where you go. His table is supplied with the best the market affords, and the house, altogether, wears an appearance of neatness and cleanliness, not always to be found at first class Hotels. He sees personally to the wants and comforts of his guests, and tries to to make them feel as if though they were at home. His clerks are gentlemanly and courteous, and the waiters attentive and accommodating. If any of our readers should happen to visit Wheeling, we advise them to put up at the M'Clure House, and our word for it they will come away satisfied.

For the many favors and kindness shown us while there, we are under obligations to Capt. Leslie.

☞ Remember the Mass Meeting at Frankfort Springs on Tuesday, the 22d inst. Everybody turn out. Don't fail to make it one of the largest meetings ever held in the county.—Able and distinguished speakers will address the meeting.

Another Raid; or Democratic Disloyalty Clearly Proved.

We publish elsewhere an article taken from the Richmond Enquirer, to which we desire to call the special attention of our readers. It is important for various reasons; first, because it shows more clearly than we could have done, the importance of the coming election and of the triumph of the Union Ticket. It proves what we have heretofore asserted, that the rebels are watching the result of this election with intense anxiety, their success depending more upon the result as they say than upon battles.—Ought not this consideration alone be sufficient to nerve the arm and strengthen the determination of loyal men to work as they have never yet done? Heretofore your fathers, brothers, sons and friends have been fighting the battles, enduring the hardship and dangers and winning the gratitude of the country for their devotion and patriotism. Now has come your time to work. Surely you are willing to divide the labor with those in the field, and help with your might to win victories when opportunity offers. To this end you should not hesitate to labor as you have never yet done for the triumph of our ticket. The Southern organs say it is more important than battles. It will save many battles and much bloodshed.—Would you hesitate when you may save the lives of dear friends? We say now to every loyal man, every man who desires to see peace restored and treason crushed, every man who loves our soldiers and would share their labor and their reward, now is your time to prove your devotion and exhibit your love. Labor as you never yet labored for the success of the Union ticket, being assured that so by doing you are fighting a great battle for your country, the result of which will tell powerfully for its weal or woe. Secondly, the article above referred to proves conclusively the disloyalty of the Democratic party.

Why are the rebels so anxious for the success of the Democratic party? Why do they prepare to send their army on to our soil again with the almost certain prospect of defeat and overthrow? Why do they regard the success of the Democratic party as more desirable than victories? We answer because they know they can rely upon that party as friendly to them. Because there is an understanding and secret conspiracy between the leaders of the Democratic party and the traitors of the South. Because they know if the Democratic party is successful they will so embarrass the Administration that it will be impossible to carry on the war and peace will be restored by recognition of the Southern Confederacy. There can be no doubt but that the traitors at Richmond have such assurances, as they would not manifest so much interest in the success of that party and regard it as their only remaining chance of success. We ask loyal men of the Democratic party to read the article and reflect on the position they occupy. Your leaders are courting an invasion of your homes, and all its consequent horrors, to secure the election of your candidate. It furnishes indisputable evidence of the treason of your leaders, and yet you follow them. You are occupying a position to-day that affords aid and comfort to the enemies of your country, sustains their sinking cause, prolongs the war and increases the National debt. If you yet love your country and would see it re-united—if you love our brave soldiers, feel for them in their arduous duties and would see the time come speedily when they may return to their homes, leave the party at once that occupies a position in conflict with both.

Loyal men of all parties! we ask you to read this article and remember it imposes an additional obligation on you—a more united and determined effort to defeat the schemes of these home traitors. Let us show to traitors at home, as well as traitors in arms, that there is yet patriotism enough in the country to save it.

Concert for the Benefit of Sick and Wounded Soldiers.

We learn from Rev. W. G. Taylor, Sec'y of the Army Com. of Beaver Co., that a Concert of Vocal and Instrumental Music, and a Lecture, will be given in the Presbyterian Church, Beaver, on next Thursday evening, 17th inst., commencing at 7 o'clock.

The splendid Brass Band from Economy, that has never played abroad for any other object, will perform on their fine instruments. Prof. S. J. Wilson, D.D., of the Western Theological Seminary, Allegheny city, said to be one of the finest orators of the age, will deliver an address.

Tickets, 25 cents; Family tickets, $1,00. All are requested to be present at this rare musical and intellectual entertainment, and give their assistance to this humane and patriotic object.

UNION MASS MEETING.

Gov. Curtin, in company with distinguished orators from adjoining States, will address the people of Pennsylvania, the times and places named in the following schedule:—

At Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Wednesday, Sept. 16th.

At Catasauqua, Lehigh county, Saturday, Sept. 19th.

At Norristown, Montgomery county, Monday, Sept. 21st.

At Westchester, Chester county, Wednesday, Sept. 23d.

At Beaver, Beaver county, Friday, Sept. 25th.

At Washington, Washington county, Saturday, Sept. 26th.

At Wilksbarre, Luzerne county, Wednesday, Sept. 30th.

Other appointments will be announced as speedily as possible. We have reasonable hope of having in the pending canvass the aid of

Governor Johnson, of Tennessee;
Governor Pierpont, of Virginia;
Governor Bradford, of Maryland;
John Brough, the next Governor of Ohio;
Hon. D. S. Dickinson, of New York;
Gen. Logan, of Illinois;
Gen. Butler, of Massachusetts;

And many other distinguished gentlemen, including many eloquent advocates of the Union cause in Pennsylvania. No possible efforts will be spared to secure as full and thorough a discussion of the momentous issues now submitted to the people as the brief period now remaining will allow, and it is enjoined upon all friends of the Union cause to secure the attendance of their fellow citizens upon the occasion.

By order of Union State Central Committee.

☞ The following is a letter from Rev. A. L. Long, a Missionary of the M. E. Church to Bulgaria. He is brother to O. S. Long, editor, or former editor, of the *Western Star*, of this place. What a contrast! He is truly a loyal man. We ask for it a perusal:

When the news came that Lee had invaded Pennsylvania, I really felt that I should like to be in command of a company marching to drive him out. I am greatly rejoiced at the news of his defeat. I do not think that every act of the Administration has been literally constitutional, but then I doubt whether I could have done any better myself; and I judge it to be safest to stick to the old flag whoever it may be that carries the banner. It is extremely dangerous ground to oppose the Administration in such a time as this. I would say let us get out of the scrape first, then settle up old accounts.

I believe my country is coming up. It is a glorious privilege to help her in her struggles, and it will be a source of pride to every one who has honestly and manfully assisted the cause of right in the great contest. God is not going to let the experiment of civil and religious liberty prove a failure. The right must triumph.—Would to God that every citizen at the North could see and appreciate the contest in the light of European despotism. They would uphold the Administration every man of them, it would matter nothing who filled the President's chair. From latest accounts I believe the back-bone of the rebellion to be broken. May it speedily be buried out of sight.

Those at home can but little appreciate the situation of those who are abroad. We mix with Englishmen, Frenchmen, and Austrians, all ready to exult over a Federal defeat. How rejoiced are we when we can exultingly point to some progress made by our armies! How little we think about political partisanship! Let our country triumph is the first desire.—Let it not be said that the slave oligarchy were more powerful than the United States Government.

But I need say no more, you know my feelings in the matter. I love the stars and stripes more every day, and I cannot see our national banner on a small merchant vessel in port without the tears coming to my eyes, and I say, Shame on the man who would dishonor that flag. I consider it one of the greatest privations of missionary life that I am separated from my country in this hour of trial. I should love to bear some part with those who are laboring to uphold the best government that the sun ever shone upon, and to put down the blackest and most groundless rebellion the world ever knew.

APPOINTED PAYMASTER.—Hon John W. Wallace, of New Castle, late Representative in Congress from this District, has been appointed a Paymaster in the army. A better appointment could not have been made, and we are pleased to learn of the success of of our friend. Dr. Wallace is a loyal, energetic and clever gentleman, and his appointment will, we doubt not, give general satisfaction.

☞ We have received the Pittsburg *Commercial*, a new daily, first-class newspaper, and have been much pleased with it. The *Commercial* is not the special organ of any party, but is devoted to the interests of the Union. The paper is conducted with signal ability; and in style, typography and neatness of execution, is far ahead of its cotemporaries. Success to the new enterprise.

Prepare for the Great Contest.

In a few weeks the contest for Governor of Pennsylvania and Judge of the Supreme Court will be decided.—Freemen are called upon to organize in behalf of their country—its Constitution and Laws—nay, our very national existence. The time is short and the contest will be sharp. Already the leaders of the party opposed to the Government are organizing their followers, and marshalling their hosts, with the hopes that they may be enabled to compel the Administration to cease their war of defence of our institutions against the assault of traitors. The question is not now what man shall be Executive of this great State, or who shall be elected to the Supreme Bench, nor is it to be a test merely of the strength of political parties. It is a contest between the enemies of free Government on one side, and the people who have lived happily and prosperously and are now growing powerful under our republican institutions. All the interests of the slaveholders in rebellion and their allies in the North are involved in the coming contest. Such is the condition of our National affairs, produced by the Southern Conspiracy, that slavery can only exist by the success of the rebellion. If Woodward and Lowry are elected their success will and should be regarded as a triumph of the cause of slavery, and if slavery triumphs surely the rebellion will triumph.

The rebellion is caused by the accursed feeling of arristocratic pride, and spirit of despotic power, engendered by the elements of despotism and hatred of free institutions. We see the false Democratic leaders everywhere, battling for slavery. We see it in their platforms and hear it in all their speeches, thus contributing to the success of the rebellion. The lines between the opposing parties are now clearly drawn, and it becomes the duty of every freeman to take his position decidedly and firmly on the side of his country.

Governor Curtin is solemnly pledged by his official oath, and by his sense of his patriotic duty to his country, to support and maintain the National Government, in its efforts to maintain the supremacy of the laws, and to put down rebellion. For over two years he has faithfully, fearlessly and honestly discharged his duties as a patriotic and loyal citizen, and as the Executive of this great Commonwealth.

It is now the duty of every Union man in the State to organize in such way as to secure the triumph of free principles over treason and military despotism, and to establish and carry out the great principles of the Union party. Every thing must be done to secure this great object. Let every freeman, who desires to see the lasting continuance of our Government, in prosperity, unity and freedom, act as though upon him devolved the performance of a duty which is to tell upon the liberties of our country for all time to come.

There are as we have said, but two parties now in this State; those for and those against the Constitution and the Union, the Government and its constituted authorities. Let us know who are the traitors who, with wicked hearts, full of all manner of deadly evil and malignity, would destroy the last and only fabric of human liberty on earth. Curtin and Agnew are the representatives of the principles of the friends of Republican Government and merit the confidence and support of every man who loves freedom and hates despotism and tyranny. Woodward and and Lowry represent the principles of those who would basely bow the knee to Southern Slaveholders, and yield to their demands that we should submit to be trampled under foot by those who have proclaimed to the world that we are an inferior race, and that they can and will rule over the whole continent with the same unrestrained power they do over their slaves.

The aiders and abettors of Southern treason are continually complaining of the present Administration for their errors in conducting the war, and endeavoring to create a feeling of distrust in the minds of the people, instead of correcting those errors, if any there be, at the proper time when our country is delivered from the hands of the miscreants who now lead the rebellion in the South and crush down to earth the poor unhappy and ruined people. Look over the Southern States and see the desolation, misery and suffering which the people are groaning under, at the hands of the miserable crew who have usurped the power to govern them, and claim the right to trample out the last vestage of that liberty in which they lived. No man who looks upon their wretched condition, but sympathize deeply with them. Then reflect for one moment what will be the condition of the people of the free States who are hated intensely by the Southern aristocrats and despots. Our fair cities and towns our beautiful and now comparatively happy country will witness the desolating influence, and the last hope of human liberty be forever crushed; such will be the case if this great State arrays itself in the election of Woodward, against the Government. This cold hearted, selfish and unprincipled demagogue is opposing the Government, is opposing our brave men in the field and all the true friends of civil and religious liberty, in their efforts to support the Government in its time of danger and trial. Whilst Curtin, with true patriotism and unflinching devotion, is, and has been for three years giving all his energies to the support of the Union and Constitution.

Then let every freeman, feeling that there are now no political parties, organize and unite heart and hand in the support of those who represent the loyal sentiment of the people of the North and all will be well. Let us make one grand and mighty effort to rescue and save our country from the infernal machinations of the Seymours the Woodwards and the Vallandighams who have conspired with Southern Slaveholders and traitors for our entire and ignominious overthrow.

If every true friend of the Union and Constitution does his duty in the coming contest our country will be safe, if not our liberties and our hopes forever gone.

Invasion of our State Again Urged.

The Richmond *Enquirer*, Jeff Davis' organ, of the 7th, urges Lee to a new invasion of Pennsylvania, in a leader of which the following is a sample extract: *The success of the Northern Democratic party would be no longer doubtful should General Lee once more advance on Meade.* Parties in the United States are so nearly balanced, that the least advantage thrown in favor of one will insure its success.—Should the Confederate army remain quiescent on the banks of the Rappahannock, the beautiful braggadocio of the Yankee official reports will be confirmed, and Lincoln and Halleck will point in triumph to the crippled condition of the Confederate army as a confirmation of the great victory won in Pennsylvania.

The Democrats, unable to gainsay such evidence, will be constrained to enter the contest for the Speakership shorn of the principal part of their strength—the disgraceful mismanagement and conduct of the war. Gen. Lee must turn politician as well as warrior, and we believe he will prove the most successful politician the Confederacy has ever produced. He may so move and direct his army as to produce political results which in their bearing upon this war will prove more effectual than the bloodiest victories. *Let him drive Meade into Washington and he will again raise the spirits of the Democrats, confirm their timid and give confidence to their wavering. He will embolden the Peace party should he again cross the Potomac*, for he will show the people of Pennsylvania how little security they have from Lincoln for the protection of their homes.

It matters not whether the advance be made for the pupose of permanent occupation or simply for a grand raid, it will demonstrate that in the third year of the war they are so far from the subjugation of the Confederate States that the defence of Maryland and Pennsylvania has not yet been secured. A Fall campaign into Pennsylvania, with the hands of our soldiers untied,—not for indiscriminate plunder, demoralizing and undisciplining the army, but a campaign for systematic and organized retaliation and punishment—would arouse the popular mind to the uncertainty and insecurity of Pennsylvania. This would react upon the representatives in Congress, strengthening the Democrats and mollifying even hardshell fanaticism itself.

The damages which the last campaign inflicted, if augmented by another this fall, when presented to the Lincoln Government, would, unless paid, greatly exasperate the people against an Administration which neither defends the State nor reimburses its citizens for the losses which its own imbecility has produced. And if these damages are paid the debt is increased, the taxes raised, and the burdens imposed will accomplish the same end. Let the great and important fact be constantly kept in tangible and threatening aspect before the people of Pennsylvania that, notwithstanding they have opened the Mississippi and are besieging Charleston and threatening East Tennessee, and Georgia and Alabama—that notwithstanding all this, Pennsylvania is not safe from invasion, and Washington City is again beleagured in this the third year of the war. *The road to peace lies through Pennsylvania, via Washington.*

On this subject the Richmond *Whig* of the 8th says:—It will not be surprising if Gen. Lee should avail himself of the fine condition of his army, and the weakened state of adversary, to advance on Meade, or, perhaps, to again try his fortunes on the other side of the Potomac. But prudence suggests that but little be said on this subject. The people confide fully in the wisdom and devotion of Gen. Lee, and are fully assured that he will do whatever, under the circumstances, seems best for the cause.

☞ Persons wishing to economize in clothing their children, will do well to try metal-tipped shoes.—Children invariably wear out their shoes at the toe first. Metal tips never wear out at the toe, and a pair of tipped shoes at an additional cost of a few cents, will more than outwear three pair of the same quality without them.

FOR THE ARGUS.

JUDGE AGNEW.

All the virulence of party spirit has found but a single charge to make against the Union candidate for the Supreme Court. It is alleged that he voted against Mr. Martin's proposition in the Reform Convention, viz: "Provided, also, that the rights of an elector shall in no case extend to others than free white male citizens."

But the facts are withheld that the motion was untimely, and voted down by a large majority, including leading Democrats, such as Clarke of Indiana, Cleavinger of Greene, Hayhurst of Columbia, and others. The fact is carefully concealed that Fuller of Fayette, a leading Democrat, requested the mover to withdraw it; and that Judge Woodward himself condemned its introduction at the time. We quote his remarks from the Debate in Convention, vol. 3, page 86:

"Mr. Woodward had hoped, he said, with the gentleman from Fayette, that the motion would be withdrawn for the present." He further said:—"A case from the county of Luzerne was now pending in the Supreme Court of the State, and it would be decided in July next. If it should there be settled that they have not the right (viz: to vote), there would be no necessity for introducing any amendment on the subject."

It is also alleged that Judge Agnew voted against the insertion of the word "white" into the Constitution; and the writer adds, "To that motion thus carried against the opposition of Judge Agnew, we owe the fact that the negroes are not voters in Pennsylvania." The same suppression of facts and untruths exists in this charge.

Judge Agnew, by his speech and his votes, showed that he was of opinion the negroes had then no right to vote under the Constitution as it stood, and that the motion was but a firebrand thrown into the Convention on the subject of slavery, and might endanger the reform he had at heart.—The best proof of his views is his own speech, showing the reason why he opposed the introduction of the slavery excitement as useless and unwise. The following extracts will explain his position. Debates in Convention, Vol. 9, pages 368-9.

"What was the Convention about to do? It was about to propose to the people of Pa., a new constitution—it was about to submit amendments to the people of Pennsylvania for their acceptance or rejection. In doing this no man could for a moment doubt but there would be a strong opposition to the amendments proposed. This was a matter which ought to be taken into consideration by all those in favor of an amended constitution. Indeed for his part he was not willing to endanger the amendments which he had so much at heart by a proposition of this kind."

After referring to the case then pending in the Supreme Court and stating his opinion that negroes were not freemen within the constitutional provision as to others, he proceeds.

"He had nothing more to say on the propriety of extending the right of suffrage to these people, and merely gave it as his belief that under the Constitution of 1790, they could not vote. He thought the question might be settled without reference to any agrarian doctrines, or going back to the natural rights of man in a government of freemen."

"The simple question was this—Was the State of Pennsylvania settled exclusively by a nation of white men as contradistinguished from the African race? And was the African race prevented by law from becoming a part of the sovereignty of Pennsylvania? These were questions of fact, which it seemed to him as only having to be determined to be decisive of the question. Well, sir, the history of Pennsylvania proves that the African race never was considered a part of the sovereignty of Pennsylvania. They were not looked upon as being a part of the community at all, and consequently they could have no right to vote, unless they were admitted according to the rules and ordinances of society which then existed, and which was as yet to be found in the laws and constitutions of those times. Neither the laws nor constitutions, nor the history of the customs of those times show that the African race was ever permitted to take any part in the public business of the people of that period. This then seemed to him to be decisive of this question."

The result proves not only, that Judge Agnew's views of Constitutional law were sound, but that the introduction of the word "white" was wholly unnecessary. In Hobbs *et al. vs.* Fogg, 6 Watts 553, the Supreme Court decided that the term "freemen" in the Constitution of 1790 did not embrace negroes and mulattoes, on the very ground stated by Judge Agnew, besides referring to a case decided in the same way at Philadelphia in 1795 by the High Court of Errors and Appeals.

Will the Democratic papers who have published the article entitled an "Ugly Record" have the manliness to publish this contradiction? Especially the papers of this District.—Will the *Star* correct this unfair article against a fellow townsman?

PHILOS.

Questions for the Star.

Are you in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war for the suppression of the rebellion?

Are you in favor of furnishing the President with funds sufficient to arm, equip, pay, clothe and subsist our armies and navies engaged in its suppression?

Are you in favor of the amendment to the constitution of Pennsylvania giving soldiers the right of suffrage?

We would be glad to have answers to these questions that we may understand the present position of our cotemporary.

[CONTINUED FROM LAST WEEK.]

Exemption List.

Exempt on account of paying $300.

Geo W Osburn, Robinson,	Wash co
Wm A Kirk, Donegal,	"
Jas W Anderson Mahoning,	Law co
Jas B M'Cracken, Pl'n Grove,	"
John M'Nulty,	"
Wash M'Millan, Hanover,	Wash co
Jas J Blair, Plain Grove,	Law co
Robert M'Cammon,	"
Thos Catterson, Slipperyrock,	"
Jas Leadbetter, Carroll,	Wash co
John Robinson, Donegal,	"
John B Plants, East Finley,	"
And'w J Stoler,	"
Thomas Lindsay, W Beth'l'm,	"
John G Barr,	"
David Gaymen,	"
Thos Templeton, Nor Strabane,	"
Emmer Camp, Amwell,	"
Sam'l Gantz,	"
Able Stripe,	"
C C Ray, Cross Creek,	"
David M'Nary, Somerset,	"
Oliver Conger, Morris,	"
Gibson Longdon,	"
Josiah Ringland,	"
Thos Holmes, Cross Creek,	"
Jacob Rockefellar, East Finley,	"
John C Barns, Mt Pleasant,	"
Leander Brown, Hopewell,	"
John Keeny, South Strabane,	"
Hiram M'Clean, Franklin,	"
Wm J Andrew,	"
Jacob Dendinger, Perry,	Law co
James Jackson, Hanover,	Wash co
Wm Clelland,	"
John R Ward, Neshannock,	Law co
Jas M White, Mt Pleasant,	Wash co
John M'Vay, Morris,	"
Jos L Gee, Carroll,	"
Joseph Park, Mahoning,	Law co
John Sawhill, Buffalo,	Wash co
Wm B Carothers,	"
Boyd Crumrine, Washington,	"
Henry C Burnes, W Middleton,	"
F R Parrott, Fallston,	Beaver co
Joseph Lyle, Mt Pleasant,	Wash co
Wm V M'Farlaine, Robinson,	"
Jas H Herriott, Mt Pleasant,	"
Jas Ewing, Hanover,	"
Jos M'Adams, Robinson,	"
Samuel J Ray, Cross Creek,	"
George Rouch, Amwell,	"
Aaron L Johnson, Cross Creek,	"
James G M'Coy, Hanover,	"
Jas R Armor,	"
George Sibert, Morris,	"
George Huffman, Amwell,	"
Zachariah Trimmer, Mt Pleasant	"
John Carter,	"
Thomas Gass,	"
Wm Grower, Franklin,	"
Jos M'Elroy, Mt Pleasant,	"
Wm R M'Cammon, Franklin,	"
Wm F Mummell, Washington,	Law co
Salem Flack, Buffalo,	Wash co
Wm G M'Closky, Cross Creek,	"
Dorsey T Pedicord, Robinson,	"
Jas M Spillman, West Finley,	"
Jas M Blake,	"
Jas M Dickey, Donegal,	"
James Boon, Chartiers,	"
Geo G Crumrine, E Bethlehem,	"
John Dunbar, Smith,	"
John Wobburn,	"
W H Wilson, Nottingham,	"
John B Hill, Monongahela city,	"
Robt Condon, Mt Pleasant,	"
Basil Alvin, Buffalo,	"
Thos J Archer, W Finley,	"
John M Herriott, Mt Pleasant,	"
Robt H Young, Monongahela city,	"
John K Davis, South Strabane,	"
James Black, Jefferson,	"
Wm K Reed, do	"
W H Taylor, South Strabane,	"
Samuel Neal, North Strabane,	"
George Buxton, Independence,	"
J K Long, Carroll,	"
John Buxton, Jefferson,	"
Henry C Bane, Amwell,	"
Robert S Wilson, Somerset,	"
Reuben Phillips, Jefferson,	"
Jacob Marshall, Somerset,	"
Joseph Robinson, Mt Pleasant,	"
Owen Camp, Amwell,	"
Wm Elder, Smith,	"
Joseph Thompson, Morris,	"
John S Barr, Somerset,	"
R D Tuttle, Robinson,	"
Wilber F Fulman, W Bethlehem,	"
Geo W Porter,	"
Wm Pettibone,	"
Moses Metcalf,	"
Thos Miller, Independence,	"
Joseph Herron, Nor Strabane,	"
Francis M Ferrell, W Finley,	"
James Crozier, Nottingham,	"
John H Morton, W Bethlehem,	"
Jas S M'Elree, Franklin,	"
Wm M L Mills, S Strabane,	"
Dr Geo M Moffitt, Washington,	"
Wm Coffee,	"
Eli H Webb, Amwell,	"
Malcomb Webb,	"
Wm F Shee, North Strabane,	"
Wm S M'Creary, Independence,	"
James M Thomas, Nottingham,	"
Prestley Boyd, Hanover,	"
A Cunningham, N Sewickly,	Beaver co
Galy Barr, Buffalo,	Wash co
Leverton Thomas, N Strabane,	"
John F Ferrill, W Bethlehem,	"
John Smith, Independence,	"
Robert Moore, Greenfield,	"
Jefferson Duval, E Pike Run,	"
William Keehan, Donegal,	"
Chas Watson Amwell,	"
Samuel J Dennis, Hanover,	"
And'w J Reynolds, Amwell,	"
Daniel W Sowers, W Bethl'm,	"
Andrew Vandyke, "	"
Benjamin Owen, Morris,	"
Albert A Hill, E Bethlehem,	"
George L Hill, "	"
George W Hill, "	"
Henry C Warren, Donegal,	"
Daniel Kerr, Somerset,	"
David S Ross, W Bethlehem,	"
James Munnell, Nor Strabane,	"
Jos F M'Gill, Canton,	"
And'w Smith, Independence,	"
John Brooks, Mooris,	"
Moses Vancoyoc, E Finley,	"
Alfred M'Keag, W Finley,	"
John D Brown, Union,	"
John C M'Vay, "	"
Dan'l Baker, Amwell,	"
Robert List, Union,	"
Wm M List, "	"
Smith Day, Morris,	"
Jackson Donnelly, Union,	"
John Welkin, Greenfield,	"

JOHN CUTHBERTSON,
Captain & Provost Marshal,
24th District Penn'a.

By order of Col. FRY,
Provost Marshal General.

New York, Sept. 12.—A special to the *Tribune* from Cincinnati says that Gen. Burnside, upon completing the redemption of East Tennessee, tendered his resignation to the Department by telegraph. It is supposed that he had contemplated it for some time, in consequence of the constant political perplexities that beset him in the administrations of his Department, through the repudiation of certain measures by the Government, but did not take the step till he could leave the service without discredit to himself, after expelling the last armed rebel from his Department. The headquarters of the Army of the Cumberland are established at Chattanooga.

Washington, Sept. 11.—The President has received the resignation of Gen. Burnside, but refuses to assent, and requests him to remain in command of East Tennessee, which he has rescued from the rebel control.

The Arago, from Charleston on [illegible] evening, has arrived.—[illegible] and Monitors are still [illegible] Moultrie, and Sumter had [illegible]. The Union troops [illegible] works to shell Charleston. [illegible] attack on the city had been [illegible].

Death of Marshall Johnston

[illegible] with sorrow of the death [illegible] Marshall Johnston, son of T. M. [illegible] of this borough, of [illegible] Pa. V., which took [illegible] by the following [illegible] at Annapolis, Md., on the 26th of August. Young Johnston enlisted [illegible] Darragh's [illegible] company, a little over a year ago, and served with great credit to himself and country. He was a promising lad, scarcely 19 years of age, and gave evidence of future usefulness.

[illegible], Va., Sept. 7, '63.

[illegible] It is [illegible] my painful duty to inform you of the death of your son, Marshall.—He was taken prisoner at Gettysburg [illegible] of July, and taken to [illegible], from thence to Annapolis, Md., at which place he died on the 26th of August. I received the official notice of his death yesterday.—His disease was Fever [illegible]. Marshall died with the sympathies of all his company, and was beloved by all who knew him. He was a good soldier and a brave boy, and in no one case was ever known to shrink from any thing which came in the [illegible] of his duties. I deeply sympathize with you in your sad bereavement. I remain yours truly,

[illegible] R. [illegible],

[illegible] Com. Co. [illegible] Reg.

Obituary.

[illegible] residence, on the 29th of August, Mrs. Hannah, wife of John Sims, of Brighton, Pa.

It may be said of the subject of the above notice, that she "acted well her part." Were a volume to be written, what more could be said of any [illegible]. This life has many trials, cares, and vicissitudes. Of whomsoever it can be said, therefore, that they have *acted well their part*, in the sphere in which Providence has assigned them, and have done the best they could under whatever trying circumstances may have [illegible] their earthly pilgrimage, such need no higher eulogy to greater praise. We may be assured [illegible] well with them," and that their reward is sure and everlasting. They will be welcomed to the [illegible] the Angels, to go ever upward [illegible] cycles of the [illegible].

[illegible]

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE

Annual Assessment for 1863.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual [illegible] of Income and other National [illegible] 24th Collection District of [illegible] registered in the books of the [illegible], will be open for the inspection of persons who may wish to examine [illegible] lists for the space of fifteen [illegible] after the 15th day of September [illegible] the following places, to wit:—

[illegible] No. 1 at the office of Wm. Stuart, [illegible], Lawrence co.
Division No. 2, at the office of T. J. Alford, [illegible], Lawrence co.
Division No. 3, at the office of G. W. Hamilton, Beaver, Beaver co.
Division No. 4, at the office of Eli Reno, New Brighton, Beaver co.
Division No. 5, at the office of William R. [illegible], Hookstown, Beaver co.
Division No. 6, at the office of O. P. Cooke, [illegible] Creek, Washington co.
Division No. 7, at the office of Jos. C. Ruple, Washington, Washington co.
Division No. 8, at the office of J. M. Taylor, [illegible], Washington co.
Division No. 9, at the office of Jacob Rush, [illegible], Greene co.
Division No. 10, at the office of Simon Rinehart, Waynesburg, Greene co.
Division No. 11, at the office of Hiram Smith, White Cottage, Greene co.

Notice is further given that after the expiration of said fifteen days, appeals will be held as follows:

Washington, Pa., Oct. 1, 2 and 3, 1863;
Waynesburg, Pa., Oct. 5, 6 and 7, 1863;
Beaver, Pa., Oct. 10, 12 and 14, 1863;
New Castle, Pa., Oct. 15, 16 and 17, 1863.

All Appeals must be in writing, and must state the particular cause, matter or thing respecting which a decision is requested, and shall moreover state the ground or principle of inequality complained of.

SAM'L DAVENPORT,
Assessor's Office, Ass'r 24th District.
Beaver, Sept. 15, '63.

Dissolution

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of Campbell & Lehmer, in the Foundry Business, in Bridgewater, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

The business of the firm will be settled by T. Campbell, who will be found at the Foundry.

Sept. 16, 1868. THOS. CAMPBELL,
JNO. S. LEHMER.

Beaver Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE "ARGUS."

Flour per bbl.			$7 00
do " 100 lbs			3 50
Dried Apples per bushel			1 50
do Peaches	"	"	3 50
Wheat	"	"	1 25
Corn	"	"	90
Rye	"	"	1 00
Oats	"	"	50
Barley	"	"	
Clover Seed,	"	"	6 00
Timothy Seed,	"	"	2 00
Flax Seed,	"	"	3 00
Beans,	"	"	2 75
Potatoes,	"	"	75
Onions,	"	"	1 00
Corn Meal,	"	"	1 00
Eggs,	"	dozen	10
Butter,	"	lb	25
Hams,	"	"	13
Shoulders,	"	"	8
Sides,	"	"	9
Tallow,	"	"	10
Lard,	"	"	10
Candles,	"	"	16
Soap,	"	"	8
Molasses,	"	Gallon	65
Carbon Oil,	"	"	60

Correspondence Wanted,

Two young men who have been serving their Country between one and two years, desire to open a correspondence with two or more "fair daughters of Beaver county," with a view to mutual improvement. Letters, or letters with "Carte de Visite," will be answered immediately.

Address "Albert Montcalm," or "Guy Westley,"
3d Brigade, 1st Div. 2d A. C.
Washington, D. C.

Will any of the "fair daughters of Beaver county" answer?

STRAY COW.

Came to the enclosure of the subscriber, in Raccoon tp., on the 17th of August, a [illegible] white cow—white back and red sides; she is supposed to be about 5 years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or otherwise she will be disposed of according to law. (sp15) SAMUEL SHILLITO.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office at Beaver, Pa., Aug. 31, 1863.

[illegible] John
Coleman Emeline
Chaney A
Christy Abraham
Evans Henry
Erving W B
Fritz Rev John
Green Edward
Geasen Carrie
Gottman John
Hamilton Frank
Hamilton J H
Holmes John
Hoffman A F
Jackson Miss M
Jackson Rev G W
Kelin Harriet
Krepps Melinda
Lapps J C 3
Lightner Josiah
M'Cleary Josephine
M'Daniels Mary
Miller Nannie J
M'Cluen John
Park Mary
Phillips T C
Reed J J
Robinson A A 2
Reed Thos
Swager Sarah
Stetzel Sarah
Smith Henrietta
Shaffer R R
Wilson Miss Jeannie J 2

Persons calling for letters in the above list, will please say they are advertised.

M. J. ANDERSON, P. M.

STILL THEY COME!!

New Goods Opened Daily!!

FIRST ARRIVAL OF FALL GOODS AT

FORTUNE'S NEW STORE

IN ROCHESTER,

Wednesday, August 19th, 1863.

Buy your Goods before they advance.

The stock about to be placed before the public will include one of the best selected ever brought to the county, and will suit the tastes of the most fastidious, including Dress Goods of the newest styles, De Laines, Velours, Mohairs, Shepherds, Plaids, Flannels, Jeans, Cassimeres, Checks, Ginghams, Table Diapers, Prints, Muslins, Balmoral and Hoop Skirts, Gloves, Hosiery, etc., Ladies and Children's shoes in great variety.

Persons wishing to secure a bargain would do well to call soon; nothing will be left undone to accommodate all persons giving us a call. Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. F. A. FORTUNE, near the Post office, Rochester, Pa.

Sept.2-t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Whereas letters testamentary on the estate of David Stephens, late of Hanover tp., Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

THO. NICHOLSON,
ROBERT STEPHENS,
aug2 Executors.

Correspondence Wanted.

Four intelligent good looking young Soldiers of good moral character desire to open correspondence with any number of loving girls of like qualities between the ages of sweet sixteen and twenty-one must be for the Union right or wrong. Subject fun, love and everlasting friendship. "Photos" exchanged if convenient. Please girls write.—Copperheads and Butternuts need not respond. Address with real name, "Sergeant Charlie Monsieur," "Sergeant Rob Crusoe," "Corporal James H. Salvador," and "David H. Morrison."

Co. D, 100th Regt. P. V., 1st Div Army Corps via Cincinnati Ohio, care Lieut. A. M. Reed.

GLORIOUS NEWS!!

Not from the Army but from the Town of Beaver.

New Shoe Store.

The subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Beaver County that, in addition to his well selected stock of CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS and GENTLEMENS FURNISHING GOODS, he has lately purchased a well selected stock of BOOTS and SHOES of every kind and variety. My stock is the largest ever brought to the county, and I am determined to sell "cheaper than the cheapest."—Mind the sign of the "Big Hat."

Sept.9,'63. I. N. ATKINS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration upon the estate of James W. Shafer, late of Moon township, Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN SHAFER, Hopewell tp.
sept.9'63-t. Administrator.

Correspondence Wanted,

Four of Uncle Sam's nephews desire a Correspondence with as many young ladies between the ages of 16 and 22 in view of having some fun, making lots of friends among the fair, or whatever the result may be, and thereby make camp life agreeable.

Address—"William H. Harrison," "Byron Fitzerald," "Davy Crockee" or "John C. Heenan."

Co. H, 13th Reg. or I, 2d Brig. 3d Div. 21st Army Corps, McMinersville, Tenn.

GENERAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, in and by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to regulate the General Elections within the Commonwealth," it is enjoined upon me to give notice of such elections and to enumerate in said notice what officers are to be elected:

I, JOHN ROBERTS,

Sheriff of the County of Beaver, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the county of Beaver, that a General Election will be held in said county on the

Second Tuesday in October Next,

at the several Election Districts, as follows:

The electors of Borough township will meet at the Court House in the borough of Beaver.

The electors of Bridgewater borough will meet at the Town Hall in Bridgewater.

The electors of Phillipsburgh district will meet at the public brick school house in said borough.

The electors of Moon township will meet at the house now occupied by Amariah Hendrickson in said township.

The electors of Hopewell township will meet at the school house in the village of Scottsville, in said township.

The electors of Independence township will meet at the house of Alexander Thompson, dec'd, in said township.

The electors of Raccoon township will meet at the house of David Ewing, in said township.

The electors of Frankfort district will meet at the house of George Dungan, in Frankfort.

The electors of M'Guire's district will meet at the house of John Porter, in the village of Hanover.

The electors of Greene township will meet at the house of Elijah Niswanger, in Hookstown.

The electors of Ohio township will meet at house now occupied by Jamison Elliott, in said township.

The electors of Brighton township (not embraced in Industry district) will meet at the school house, near Richey Eakin's, in said township.

The electors of the borough of Fallston will meet at the Academy in Fallston.

The electors of Patterson township will meet at the school house in the village of Brighton.

The electors of Chippewa township will meet at the house of Azariah Innman, in said township.

The electors of South Beaver township will meet at the house of John Rowe, in said township.

The electors of Darlington township will meet at the Academy in Darlington.

The electors of Big Beaver township will meet at the house of widow Miller, in said township.

The electors of Franklin township will meet at the house of Mark R. Clark, in said township.

The electors of North Sewickley township will mees at the house occupied by John Miller, on land of Benj. Chew.

The electors of Pulaski township will meet at Dougherty's school house, No. 4, in said township.

The electors of Marion township will meet at the house of George Hartzell, jr., in said township.

The electors of New Brighton borough and district will meet at the school house in said borough.

The electors of Rochester township will meet at the Bolesville School House, in said township.

The electors of the borough of Rochester will meet at the school house in Rochester.

The electors of Freedom borough and district will meet at the school house in Freedom.

The electors of New Sewickley township will meet at the house of John Feazel, in said township.

The electors of Industry district will meet at the school house in Industry.

The electors of Harmony township will meet at the Hotel in the Economy.

The electors of Economy township will meet at the house of George C. Minis, in said township.

At which time and places the qualified electors as aforesaid will elect by ballot—

One person for Governor of Pennsylvania.

One person for Judge of Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

Two persons as members of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania, in conjunction with Lawrence county.

One person for Sheriff of Beaver county.

One person for Register & Recorder of Beaver county.

One person for Treasurer of Beaver county.

One person for Clerk of Court of Beaver county.

One person for Commissioner of Beaver county.

One person for Poor House Director of Beaver county.

One person for Auditor of Beaver county.

Two persons for Trustees of Beaver Academy.

Notice is Hereby Given,

That every person except Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or agent, who is or shall have been employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary department of this State or the United States, or of any city or incorporated district; and also that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Inspector, Judge, or Clerk of any election of the Commonwealth, and that no Judge, Inspector or any other officer of such election, shall be eligible to any to be then voted for.

Also, in and by the fourth section of an Act approved the 19th of April, 1840, it is enacted that the 13th section of the act passed July 2d, 1839, entitled an act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth, shall not be construed so as to prevent any military officer or borough officer from service as Judge, Inspector or Clerk at any general or special election in this Commonwealth.

And the said act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 2d, 1839, provides as follows:

That the Judge and Inspectors chosen as aforesaid, shall meet at their respective places appointed for holding the election in the districts to which they respectively belong, before 9 o'clock on the morning of the Second Tuesday of October in each and every year, and each of said Inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of said district.

In case the persons who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Inspector shall not attend on the day of an election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge at the next preceding election shall act as Inspector in his place; and in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for Inspector shall not attend, the present elected Judge shall appoint an Inspector in his place; and in case the person elected Judge shall not attend, then the Inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a Judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the Board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward, or district for which such officers shall have been elected, present at the place of election, shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy.

It shall be the duty of Assessors respectively to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election, during the time such election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the Inspectors and Judges when called on, in relation to the rights of any persons assessed by them to vote at such elections, or such other matters in relation to the assessments of voters as the said inspectors or Judge, or either of them shall from time to time require.

No person shall be permitted to vote at any election, as aforesaid, other than a white freeman of the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote, at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or County Tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States, who has previously been a qualified voter of this State, and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in the State six months: Provided, that the white freemen, citizens of the United States, between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, and having resided in the State one year and in the election district ten days as aforesaid, shall be entited to vote although they have not paid taxes.

No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioners, unless, first, he produce a receipt for the payment within two years, of a State or county tax, assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and gives satisfactory evidence either on his own oath or affirmation or of another, that he has paid such tax, or on failing to procure a receipt, shall make oath of the payment thereof; or second, if he claims a right to vote by being an elector between the age of twenty-one and twenty-two years, he shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State at least one year before his application, and make such proof of the residence in the district as is required in this act; and that he does verily believe, from the account given him that he is of the age aforesaid, and gives such other evidence as is required by this act; whereupon the names of the persons so admitted to vote shall be inserted into the alphabetical list by the Inspectors, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word "tax," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid a tax, or the word "age," if he shall be admitted on account of his age, and in either case, the reasons of such votes shall be called out by the clerks, who shall make the like notes in the list of voters kept by them.

In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the Commissioners and Assessor, or his right to vote, whether found there or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of Inspector to examine such persons on oath as to qualification, and, if he claims to have resided within the State one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the district for more than ten days immediately preceding said election, and shall also himself swear his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is within the district for the purpose of voting therein.

If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of an election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or shall block up or attempt to block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holden, or shall riotously disturb the peace of such election, or shall use or practice any intimidation, threats, force or violence, with design to influence unduly, or overpower any elector, or to prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of his choice; such person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any time not less than twelve months; and if it shall be shown that by the Court who the trial of such offence shall be had that the person offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the said offences was committed and not entitled to vote therein, then, on conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election within this Commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof, or by written or printed advertisement, challenge or invite any person or persons to make such a bet or wager, upon conviction thereof, he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to be bet.

If any person not by law qualified, shall fraudulently vote at any election within this Commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified, shall vote out of his proper district, or if any person knowing the want of such qualification, shall aid or procure such persons to vote, the person or persons so offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not less than three months.

If any person shall vote at more than one election district, or otherwise fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspectors two tickets together, with the intention to vote illegally, or shall vote the same, or if any person shall advise or procure another to do so, he or they so offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not less than three nor more than twelve months.

If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth agreeably to laws (except the sons of qualified citizens,) shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of issuing tickets, or of influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall, on conviction, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offence, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

The Return Judges of the several districts aforesaid are requested to meet at the Court House, in Beaver, on the first Friday after the second Tuesday of October next, at ten o'clock, a. m., to perform those things required by law.

And by "An Act relating to the Elections of this Commonwealth," passed the 2d day of July, 1839, it is provided and directed as follows:

Sec. 81. When two or more counties shall compose a district for the choice of a member or members of the Senate of this Commonwealth, or of the House of representatives of the United States, or of this Commonwealth, the Judges of the election in each county, having met as aforesaid, the Clerks shall make out a fair statement of all to votes which shall have been given at such election, within the county, for every person voted for, as such member or members, which shall be signed by said Judges and attested by the Clerks, and one of the said Judges shall take charge of such certificate, and shall produce the same at a meeting of one Judge from each county, at such places, in such district, as is or may be appointed by law for the purpose: which meeting shall be held on the seventh day after the election.

Sec. 82. The Judges of the several counties, have met, as aforesaid, shall cast up the several county returns and made duplicate returns of all the votes given for such office in said district, and of the names of the person or persons elected, and one of said returns, for each office, shall be deposited in the office of the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of the county in which they shall meet, and the other shall by said Judges be deposited in nearest post office, sealed and directed as in parts two and three of the eighteenth section of this act.

Sec. 83. It shall also be the duty of the Return Judges in every case, to transmit to each of the persons elected to serve in congress, or in the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth, a certificate of his election, within five days after the day of making up such return.

The Return Judges of the Representative District composed of the counties of Beaver and Lawrence will meet at the Court House in Beaver, according to the 81st section above cited.

(SEAL.) Given under my hand at Beaver, the 1st day of September, 1863, and of the Independence of the United States the Eighty-eighth.

JOHN ROBERTS, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Beaver, Sept. 3, '63.

Public Examinations.

The following appoinments are made by the undersigned for examination of applicants for teaching Common Schools in Beaver county, viz:

Darlington Dist.,	Aug.	25	at Douthitt's S. H.
B. B. & C.	do	27	do M'Kinley's do
Rochester	do	28	do Rochester do
Ohio	Sept.	2	do Fairview do
Industry	do	3	do Industry do
Raccoon	do	8	do Smith's do
Green	do	9	do Hookstown do
Hanover	do	10	do Miller's do
Independence	do	11	do Rarden Run do
Hopewell	do	12	do N. Scott'lle do
Patterson	do	16	do O. Brighton do
Pulaski	do	17	do Kettlew'd's do
Freedom	do	18	do Freedom do
Brighton	do	23	do Eakin's do
Beaver	do	24	do Beaver do
Moon	do	25	do Davis' do
Bridgewater b.	do	26	do Bridgewa'r do
N. Sewickly	Oct.	5	do Warnock's do
Franklin	do	6	do Furnace do
Marion	do	7	do Hartzel's do
N. Sewickly	do	8	do Bogg's do
Economy	do	9	do Baden do
South Beaver	do	12	do Court's do

Time of Meeting, 10 o'clock A. M.

Applicants for examination to procure their own stationary and revenue stamps.

Teachers holding certificates from Mr. Carothers, former Superintendent, will please present them when applying for examination. School Directors and friends of Education are respectfully invited to be present in their respective districts at the examination.

J. I. Reed, County Sup't.

Notice in the Orphans' Court of the County of Beaver, Pa., in the matter of the partition of the real estate of Jesse Smith, deceased,

Writ of partition or valuation, No. 31, March Term, 1863, to Susan Smith, widow, Jesse Smith, Margaret Smith (widow of Samuel Smith, dec'd) John B. Smith, Isaac Jamison and Susan Jamison, his wife, formerly Susan Smith, James Dawson and Mary Ann, his wife, formerly Mary Ann Smith, Daniel Dawson, Guardian of Louisa Smith, a minor, and all others, heirs or legal representatives of said Jesse Smith, dec'd.

You and each of you are hereby notified that an inquisition will be held in pursuance of the above mentioned writ of partition on the premises at Smith's Ferry, Ohio township, Beaver county, on Friday the 28th day of August, 1863, at 10 o'clock, a. m., to make partition of the real estate of said Jesse Smith, deceased, to and among his heirs and legal representatives, if such partition can be made thereof, without prejudice, &c., but if such partition cannot be made thereof, &c., then to value and appraise the same according to law, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

Sheriff's Office, Beaver, July 29, 1863.
JOHN ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Wanted,

At Bridgewater Glass Works—Boxes and Barls. Parties having them in large or small quantities for sale will please leave word at the Glass Works; as a good price will be given either delivered at the works or taken from there by the company.

PARSONS, TAYLOR & Co.

Wanted to Contract for the delivery of Coal, at Bridgewater Glass Works, for the year commencing 6th July, or as soon thereafter as contract can be effected for 50 to 100 Bushels of good coal perday. Cash paid weekly.

PARSONS, TAYLOR & Co.

Contract open to 1st August, 1863.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Whereas letters of administration on the estate of Thomas N. Thornsburg, late of Independence tp., Beaver county, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

JAMES STERLING,
aug19'63. Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the estate of Henry Ewing, late of Raccoon tp, Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claim gainst said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES M. EWING,
Aug. 19 '63. Administrator.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Whereas letters testamentary on the estate of Joseph Phillis, late of Marion township, Beaver county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY PHILLIS,
Aug. 26, '63. Executor.

$30. Employment. $100

COMMERCIAL AGENTS WANTED
TO SELL GOODS FOR THE

ADAMS

(A NEW ENGLAND)

Manufacturing Company.

We will give a commission of one hundred per cent. on all goods sold by our Agents, or we will pay wages of from $30 to $100 per month and pay all necessary expenses. For particulars address with stamp,

CHAS. RUGGLES, Gen. Ag't,
For the Adams Manufacturing Co., Detroit, Michigan. July 2, 1862.

Wm. Miller, Phil.....C. W. Ricketson, Pittsb'g

MILLER & RICKETSON,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND IMPORTERS OF

Brandies, Wines and Segars,

Nos. 223, *Cor. of Liberty & Irwin sts.*
PITTSBURG, PA.

Iron, Nails, Cotton Yarn, &c., &c., constantly on hand. [aug6

Special Notice.

The Proprietors of the Girard House Philadelphia would respectfully call the attention of business men and the travelling community to the superior accommodation and comfort offered in their establishment.

aug.19:2m KANAGA, FOWLER, & Co.

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D..........J. M. CUMMINS, M. D.

C. P. Cummins & Son,

Offer their professional services as Physicians and Surgeons, to the citizens of Beaver and vicinity. They can always be found, when not professionally engaged, at the Drug Store of C. P. Cummins, M. D.

Dec3'62

By two young soldiers, of passable appearance and manners, who are tired of the dull monotony of Camp life, with an equal number of "Union Loving Ladies" with a view to friendship and its result,

Address—"Fred Ahrens," and "George Gray,"

140th Reg., Penn'a., Vols.

"The Union,"

Arch Street above Third,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Upton S. Newcomer, Prop'r.

This Hotel is central. Convenient by Passenger Railway Cars to all parts of the City, and in every particular adapted to the comfort and wants of the Travelling Public.

TERMS, $1,50 PER DAY.

NEW MILINERY AND MANTUA-MAKING ESTABLISHMENT,

BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON, PA.,
(Four Doors below Dr. Sargent's Drug Store.
may7,62–1y. MRS & MISS RENO.

The Eye.

Dr. J. R. SPEER, 196 Penn st., Pittsburg, continues to devote special attention, as he has done for the last twenty-five years, to the diseases, deformities and defects of this important organ.

In reply to frequent inquiries of correspondents, it may be stated that, amongst the CURABLE diseases of the eye are Cataract, where the pupil is of a milky color, instead of black, as in the healthy eye; Opthalmia, Pterygium, Opacities and Films from recent inflammation, Nervous Sensibility of the Optic Nerves Strabismus, or Crooked Eyes, Inversion of the Eye-lids, Fistula, Lachrymalis.

Amongst the incurable are Amaurosis, or complete paralysis of the optic nerve, where no light is visible; Opacities and Films from chronic inflammation; all cases in which the ball of the eye is lessened or altered in form by disease or injuries.

Defects of Vision, as along or short sightedness, may generally be relieved or cured by properly adjusted glasses.

References.—Dr. S. Cunningham, Jas. Patterson, Esq.

List of Causes for Sept. Term '63.

Thomas White, use	vs.	Philip Morgan,
J. W. Decker, adm'r	vs.	John Mellon et al.
Bank Lawrence Co.	vs.	Selah Chamberlain
Lukens & Beeson	vs.	Darlington M. E. Church.
Robert Darragh	vs.	Samuel Moorhead
Wm. M'Caughtry & wife	vs.	John Thompson, admin'r.
George Neely	vs.	Thomas Dickson
N. W. Cunningham	vs.	Hugh Bennett, admin'r.
L. Fombelle's, adm'r.	vs.	Alex. Fombelle
James Collins & Co.	vs.	W. M. Shirts, et al.
John H. Camp	vs.	Wm. Alexander, jr.
Patterson & Davidson	vs.	Martha Souder
William Hays	vs.	C. W. Sill.
Commonwealth, use	vs.	John Duff's, ex'r.

Aug.19'63 M. WEYAND, Pro.

Quarterly Statement of Bank of Beaver County.

NEW BRIGHTON, Aug. 5, 1863.

RESOURCES.

Notes and bills discounted, active	$57,409 62
Same under protest	100 00
U. S. 5-20 6 per cent. coupon bonds	82,850 00
U. S. 7 3-10 per cent. treas. notes	4,850 00
Due from other banks	287 75
Notes and checks of other banks and U. S. Treasury notes	51,212 16
Coin in vault	5,840 83
Furniture and office fixtures	1,958 95
Current expenses	260 38
Protest account	1 41
	$204,420 50

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$91,475 00
Notes in circulation	1,595 00
Due depositors	101,479 69
Due the Commonwealth	2,152 42
Profits and earnings	1,602 81
Dividends unpaid	1,114 75
Bills payable	5,000 00
	$204,420 50

I certify that the above statement is true and correct according to the best of my knowledge and belief. EDWARD HOOPS, Cash'r.

Affirmed and subscribed before me, this 6th day of August, A. D., 1863.

J. R. MARTIN, J. P.

A Gentleman cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it (free of charge) the receipt and directions for making the simple Remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience and possess a Valuable Remedy—will receive the same, by return mail, (carefully sealed,) by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 60 Nassau Street, New York.

aug12-3m

Beaver Seminary.

S. B. MERCER, Superintendent

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Rev. D. H. A. M'Lean, D. D.
D. A. Cunningham.
C. P. Cummins, M. D.

The Fall term of fourteen weeks opens on Tuesday, the first day of September.

Rates per term for board and furnished Room........$40 00

For full particulars address S. B. MERCER, Beaver, Pa.

aug12:3t

A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL EDITION

OF THE

MISTAKES OF EDUCATED MEN.

BY JOHN S. HART, LL. D.

12 mo., muslin, price 50 cents; paper covers, 25 cents. Copies of this book will be sent by mail on receipt of the price, in postage stamps. Please address

J. C. GARRIGUES, Publisher,
148 South Fourth street, Phil'a, Pa.

mar26.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.

Whereas letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of Joseph Taylor, dec'd., late of Chippwa tp., Beaver county, Pa., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHNATHAN TAYLOR, Chippewa tp.
ANDREW TAYLOR, Hanover tp.
Aug. 26, '68. Executors.

Notice

Is hereby given that I have been appointed as Surgeon by the Pension Department, to examine wounded and invalid Soldiers, discharged from the service; that my authority extends to any County, State or Territory, and that I am now ready to enter upon the discharge of my duties.

GEORGE McCOOK, M. D.,
Oct.15—It. Examining Surgeon.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Jane Miller, late of Darlington township, Beaver County, Penn'a dec'd having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment; and those having claims naaipst the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN D. VAUGHEN, Darlington tp.
may6'62 Executor

A. R. THOMSON.

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Office, corner of Third street and the Diamond.

BEAVER, PA.

may 21.

Notice in the Orphans' Court of Beaver County, Pa., in the matter of the partition of the real estate of Geo. A. Hunter, deceased.

Writ of partition or valuation, No. 13, March Term, 1863, to Robert Hunter, Enoch Potter and Mary Potter, his wife, formerly Mary Hunter, Louiza Scroggs, formerly Louiza Hunter, Jonah Hassen and Minerva Hassen, his wife, formerly Minerva Hunter, Milo Bradshaw, and Jane Bradshaw, his wife, formerly Jane Hunter, Isaac Shane and Frances Shane, his wife, formerly Frances Hunter, and all others, heirs, and legal representatives, of said George A. Hunter, deceased.

You and each of you are hereby notified that an inquisition will be held in pursuance of the above mentioned writ of partition, at the premises described in said writ, situate in Ohio township, Beaver county, adjoining lands of Robert Hunter, Andrew Watterson, Mary A. Kuhn, Isaac Shane and Thos. Hunter, on Tuesday the 25th day of August, 1863, at 10 o'clock, a. m., to make partition of the aforesaid real estate to and among the heirs, &c., of said dec'd, if such partition can be made without injury, &c., but if such partition cannot be made thereof, &c., then to value and appraise the same, according to law, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

JOHN ROBERTS, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Beaver, July 29, 1863.

State Normal School.

EDINBORO, ERIE CO., PA.

The buildings are new, neat and convenient; good Libraries, Reading Room and Apparatus; Instruction thorough and practical.

Tuition per term of fourteen weeks, $4,00; Board $2,25 per week; $36,50 pays the whole term's expense, including the use of text books.

The Fall term opens August 18, 1862.

Send for Circular.

J. A. COOPER, A. M., Principal.

aug5:3m

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Whereas letters testamentary on the estate of Alexander Grier, late of Hookstown, Beaver county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

jy29 R. A. MOON, Execu'r.

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Economy township, Beaver county, on the estate of James Logan, late of said township and county, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them for settlement without delay.

jy29:6t SALLIE LOGAN, Adm'x

For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woollens, &c. Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c.

Put up in 25c. 5c. and $1 Boxes, Bottles and Flasks. $3 and $5 sizes for Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

Sold Wholesale in all large cities.
Sold by all Druggists and Retailers.
! ! Beware ! ! of all worthless imitations.
See that "Costar's" name is on each Box, Bottle and Flask, before you buy.
Address HENRY R. COSTAR,
Principal Depot, 482 Broadway, N. Y.
Sold by C. P. Cummins & Son,
Wholesale and Retail Agents.
may13'63 Beaver, Pa.

DAVID WOODRUFF..................DAVID IRONS.

NEW FIRM.

WOODRUFF & IRONS.

The undersigned have entered into partnership, and will carry on the marble business in all its various branches, such as headstones, tombs, monuments, furniture work, etc. All work done with neatness and dispatch, as the best of workmen will be employed. All kinds of produce taken in exchange for work. Please give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

WOODRUFF & IRONS.
July 1, '63. Bridgewater, Pa.

A NEW FEATURE

IN MARBLE WORK

The subscriber has purchased from the Patentee the right to use, in this county, a new and beautiful invention for protecting

LIKENESSES IN TOMB-STONES,

and is now prepared to furnish

Monuments or Head-Stones,

with this useful improvement at exceedingly low prices.

THE SHIELD

serves to screen and protect the picture of the deceased, and becomes a neat and appropriate ornament to the stone. Pictures are put in

AIR-TIGHT CASES,

and are made to preserve their original beauty and expression for many years.

All kinds of marble work, military designs, etc, executed on short notice.

W. H. MARSHALL,
may6 Rochester Marble Works.

FALLSTON WOOLEN FACTORY.

The undersigned expects to commence, this week, Carding, Spinning, Fulling, Finishing and Dyeing; also to manufacture Flannel, Cloth, Cassimeres, Satinetts and Blankets, at my old place in Fallston. For wear and durability, I can warrant the goods manufactured not to be surpassed. For the accommodation of those on the east side of the Beaver, Wool, etc., can be left at my house in Pulaski township, or John Hodgkinson's store in New Brighton.

je17,63 EPH'M. SMITH.

Loans on first mortgages can be negotiated at the **PITTSBURG DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, No. 67 FOURTH STREET,** Pittsburg, on favorable terms.

an21:3m. C. A. COLTO, Treasury.

MAYORS OF THE Great Cities.

We, the undersigned Mayors, hereby certify that the Druggists, Apothecaries, and Physicians of our several cities have signed a document of assurance to us that AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has been found to be a remedy of great excellence, and worthy the confidence of the community.

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Mayor of LOWELL, MASS.
HON. ALBIN BEARD,
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HON. E. W. HARRINGTON,
Mayor of MANCHESTER, N. H.
HON. JOHN ABBOTT,
Mayor of CONCORD, N. H.
HON. A. H. BULLOCK,
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HON. NATH'L SILSBEE,
Mayor of SALEM, MASS.
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Mayor of BOSTON, MASS.
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Mayor of NORWICH, CONN.
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HON. D. F. TIEMANN,
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Certify that the resident Druggists have assured them

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is an excellent remedy, and worthy the confidence of the community.

For Spring Diseases.
For Purifying the Blood.
For Scrofula or King's Evil.
For Tumors, Ulcers, and Sores.
For Eruptions and Pimples.
For Blotches, Blains, and Boils.
For St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas.
For Tetter or Salt Rheum.
For Scald Head and Ringworm.
For Cancer and Cancerous Sores.
For Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and Humors.
For Female Diseases.
For Suppression and Irregularity.
For Syphilis or Venereal Diseases.
For Liver Complaints.
For Diseases of the Heart.

The Mayors of the chief cities of the United States, Canadas, and British Provinces, Chili, Peru, Brazil, Mexico, and in fact almost all the cities on this continent, have signed this document, to assure their people what remedies they may use with safety and confidence. But our space will only admit a portion of them.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
Ayer's Pills, and
Ayer's Ague Cure,
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
LOWELL, MASS.,
And sold by Druggists every where.

Beaver Academy.

THE FALL TERM opens on the first day of SEPTEMBER. Address
S. B. MERCER, Principal.
aug12:4t

"VANITY FAIR."

"This is the first really clever comic and satirical journal we have had in America—and really clever it is. It is both sharp and good-tempered, and not afraid to say that its soul is its own—which shows that it has a soul. Our readers will be glad to know where they can find native fun that has something better in it than mere *patois*."—*Atlantic Monthly.*

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The very marked and flattering success which has thus far attended the publication of "VANITY FAIR," Enables the publisher to announce that with the commencement of the Second Volume, issued this day, 30th June, New Features, both Literary and Artistic, will be introduced, which will increase the value and interest of the paper, and fully maintain the proud position unanimously accorded to it, as the leading

COMIC JOURNAL OF AMERICA.

VANITY FAIR

ISSUED REGULARLY EVERY THURSDAY.

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Three dollars per annum, in advance—Six cents single copy.

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Ten copies	20 00

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LOUIS H. STEPHENS,
Publisher for the Proprietors, 113 Nassau-st. New-York.

Office of JAY COOKE,

SUBSCRIPTION AGENT,
At JAY OOKE & O., Bankers,
140 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

THE undersigned, having been appointed SUBSRRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

New Twenty Year 6 per ct Bonds:

of the United States, designated as "Five-Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 25, 1862.

The COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of $50, $100, $500, $1000.

The REGISTER BONDS in sums of $50 $100, $500, $1000 and $5000.

Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is

PAYABLE IN GOLD,

Semi-Annually, which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PERCENT. PER ANNUM.

Farmers, Merchants, Mechanics, Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these Bonds are, in effect, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks and Securities, and the immense products of all the Manufactures, &c., &c., in the country; and the full and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and liquidation of principal, by Customs Duties, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue, serves to make these Bonds the *Best, Most Available and Most Popular Investment in the Market.*

Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal Tender Notes, or notes, and checks of banks at par in Philadelphia. Subscribers by mail will receive prompt attention, and every facility and explanation will be afforded on application at this office.

A full supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for immediate delivery.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.

Notice.

ALL persons having unsettled account with me, or Smith & Collins, within the last twenty years, for Carding, Spinning, &c., will please call at the Fallston Woolen Factory, before the first of October, 1862, and settle the same by cash or note.

jy16,'62. EPH'M. SMITH

For Sale at the Beaver Drug Store

MARTIN'S COAL OIL BURNERS—THE 'LITTLE MONITOR'— to burn oil without chimneys, a splendid affair. Also Carbon Oil Lanterns without chimneys.

For sale at Drug Store of C. P. Cummins—Gun Powder, Young Hyson and Black Teas, all good; Coffee, Ext. Coffee, Dandelion Coffee, Gold-pens, Spectacles, Golden Syrup for table use, a pri[illegible] a cheaper article of Syrup, very good; vinegar, hominy, hand scrubing brushes and salt.

Zant currants and Raisons for sale at C P Cummins' Drug Store.

CRITTENDEN'S PHILADELPHIA OMMERI AL COLLEGE,

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The object of the Institution is solely to afford young men facilities for thorough preparation for business.

The branches taught are, Book-keeping, as applicable to the various departments of trade; Penmanship, both plain and ornamental; Commercial Law, mathematics, Navigation, Civil Engineering, Drawing, Phonography, and Modern Languages.

The system of Instruction is peculiar; no classes or set lessons are made use of, but each student is taught individually, so that he may commence at any time, and attend at whatever hours are most convenient.

Catalogues are issued annually after the 15th of April, containing names of the students for the year, and full particulars of terms, &c., and may be obtained at any time by addressing the Principal.

In extensive accommodations, wide-spread reputation, and the lengthy experience of the Principal, this Institution offers facilities superior to any other in the country, for young men wishing to prepare for business, and to obtain at the same time A DIPLOMA, which will prove a recommendation for them to any Mercantile House.

☞ CRITTENDEN'S Series of Treatises on Book-Keeping, now more widely circulated than any other work on the subject, are for sale at the College.

S. HODGES CRITTENDEN,
Attorney-at-Law,
May 7. PRINCIPAL.

PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIA and Blood Renovator, the genuine article, for sale at the Drug Store of
se22 DR. C. P. CUMMINS.

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CHOICE LITERATURE,

INCLUDING

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In the Literary Department we shall present the choicest varieties within the reach of our extended means. The Novelettes, Tales, Poetry, &c., shall be supplied from the best and highest sources, and be equal to anything to be found in any journal or magazine.

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Farming, Gardening, Fruit-Raising, &c.

In all their branches, as conducted on the latest and most approved system.

Our labors in this department for over thirty years, have met the cordial approbation of the public. Our purpose has been to furnish useful and reliable information upon these very important branches of industry, and to protect them so far as within our power against the false doctrines and selfish purposes of the many empires and sensation-adventurers by which the Farmer is incessantly assailed. This portion of the *Germantown Telegraph* will alone be worth the whole price of subscription, as every Farmer and Gardener, who has a proper conception of his calling, will readily admit.

NEWS DEPARTMENT.

The same industry, care, and discrimination, in gathering and preparing the Stirring Events of the Day, expressly for this paper, which hitherto has been one of its marked features and given so universal satisfaction, will be continued with redoubled efforts to meet the increasing demands of the public. The labor required in this department is never fully appreciated by the reader. It would be impossible to present, the condensed and carefully made-up form in which it appears, a corrected mass of all the most interesting news of the week, without involving much physical labor, tact and judgment.

We annex the *cash terms*, to which we beg leave to call attention of all who think of subscribing for a newspaper:

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☞ Subscription not paid within the year, $2,50.

☞ A Club of five subscribers, at $8, will entitle the person getting it up to a copy for six months; a Club of ten or more, to a copy for one year. All Club subscriptions stopped at the end of the time paid for, unless re-ordered.

☞ No order will receive attention unless accomplished with the cash.

☞ Specimen numbers sent to applicants.

PHILIP R. FREAS,
Editor and Proprietor.
Germantown, Philadelphia, Oct. 22, '62.

H. B. ANDERSON,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

THE LATEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE Styles of **DRESS GOODS** kept constantly on hands and for sale, for
CASH OR PRODUCE.
Beaver, January 14th, 1863.

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KOLLOCK'S LEVAIN.

The purest and best BAKING POWDER known, for making light, sweet and nutritious Bread and Cakes. Price 15 cents.

Manufactured by
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Corner of Broad and Chestnut streets,
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and sold by all Druggists and Grocers.
mar26

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Philadelphia.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments
aug 28.

CONSCRIPTION ACT.—The U. S. Conscription Law, or National Militia Act of 1863, official and complete, in pamphlet form. Also, information embracing the only honorable and lawful way of escaping the coming draft; both sent (post-paid) to one address upon receipt of $1,00 by the Agent.

H. W. HARPER,
Box 1884, Pittsburg, Pa.

TO PHYSICIANS & DRUGGISTS.

THE undersigned would inform Physicians and Druggists that, owing to an increasing demand, he is now prepared to manufacture on a larger scale than heretofore all articles of the Pharmacopœia. These will be of the strength and quality as dispensed in the Prescription Department of my store, and will be found superior in strength to most in market. I guarantee them to be of the proper strength and purity.

Some preparations offered are new, but will be made officinal in the new Pharmacopœia soon to be issued, and will be found to be valuable remedies.

Any information as regards their strength, uses and qualities will be sent to those desiring it.

I would advise Physicias who have been disappointed in the effect of any remedy, to try those of my manufacture.

They include—

Compound Extract of Colocynth,

Fluid Extracts of Dandelion, Buchu, Ergot, Gentian, Lipulin Valerian, Wild Cherry Bark, and others,

Citrate of Irod and Citrate of Iron and Quinine; very soluble,

Wine of Iron and Wine of Iron and Bark, agreeable; chalybeates,

Syrup of the Hypophesphites,

Cerate of the Extract of Cantharides; a more reliable preparation than the common Cerate,

Oxalate of Cerium; useful in obstinate vomiting,

Elixir of Valerianate of Ammonia; a valuable remedy for nervous or sick headache, where a nervous stimulant and antacid is indicated,

Solution of Bi-meconate of Morphia: same strength as Laudanum and more agreeable in its effects.

Pyro-phosphate of Iron; soluble.

These, together with all rare and fine chemicals and other medicinal articles, furnished in any quantities.

I am prepared to make chemical examinations of Ores, Drugs, Oils, Waters, &c.

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NEW BRIGHTON RETREAT.

AN ASYLUM FOR THE RECEPTION, CURE AND TREATMENT OF MENTAL ALIENATION OR DISORDER.

And Other Nervous and Chronic Diseases.

EXCLUSIVELY FOR FEMALES.

THIS institution is now open for the reception, care, and treatment of the *independent class* of patients who are laboring under mental derangement; or other nervous and chronic disease. We make special mention of nervous and chronic diseases, from the fact that seven tenths of the female patients that are committed to our public Asylums, to be treated for disordered minds, are reduced to that lamentable condition through previous physical disorder. By a well timed and judicious treatment of chronic and nervous diseases, all physical disorders, in the majority of cases may be removed; and thus the mind, having suffered through the medium of the body, will when free from the exciting physical cause, throw off the shackles that has bound it to worse than midnight darkness, and reason will, once more, resume its sway, clothed in all its primitive beauty and wonted excellence. Hence the necessity of all those, who are laboring under the predisposing or exciting causes, calculated in the end to impair the mind to resort to an early and judicious course of remedial agents.

The Institution is a large brick building with a stone basement—four stories high and well ventilated. It is situated on an elevated table land which commands a view of entire town—adjacent hills—groves and neighboring streams; all of which are calculated to produce favorable impressions upon the disordered mind.

The Institution is complete in all of its appointments. Having been tastefully fitted up at great expense, in order that it may meet the approbation and views of the most fastidious.

The water closets and bathing apparatus have been gotton up upon the most approved modern scientific principles. This department embraces not only the ordinary baths but, also, the medicated, warm air and ascending and descending *douche* for the more effectual and successful treatment of cutaneous and other scrofulous diseases.

We beg leave to say to all those who may be disposed to commit the interests of a dear wife, sister or daughter, to our charge—may be assured that no means will be spared or efforts wanting on our part to ameliorate their condition or to effect a restoration to their accustomed health and vigor of mind.

For further particulars send for a circular. All communications should be addressed to

E. KENDRICK, M. D.
Supt. of New Brighton Retreat
New Brighton
nov12'62. Beaver Co. Pa.

BEAVER DRUG STORE Opened in the Room formerly Occupied by the late Dr. Minis.

THE Subscriber having purchased the Establishment will endeavor to keep constantly on hand all articles usually found in Drug Stores.

Being a Physician and Druggist, the public may rely on his keeping the PUREST and BEST DRUGS.

A variety of other articles will also be found in his establishment;

Tea, Extract of Coffee, Rosin Soap, Fancy Soaps, Port Monies, Combs.
ALL ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET.
SPOOL COTTON, LEAD PENCILS, NEEDLES, STEEL PENS, HAIR BRUSHES, TOOTH BRUSHES, TOBACCO, SEGARS, LETTER, NOTE, & FOOLSCAP PAPER.
Carbon Oil Lamps and Chimneys.

These are a few of the articles, and only a few always on hand. Call and see.

He will try, by close attention and fair dealing, to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom.

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.

☞ Particular attention will be paid to putting up Physicians prescriptions. [aug27

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GOOD, SUBSTANTIAL, LIFE-LIKE PICTURES can now be had at the

COURT-HOUSE, IN BEAVER.

These pictures are not mere daubs, but warranted SUPERIOR to any that have ever been made in Beaver county, by any other artist. To be convinced, call and examine specimens. I will remain but a few weeks.

☞ Gallery in the same room occupied by me in 1857,

C. A. GRIFFIN,
Aor9 Photographic Artist.

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PUBLISHED for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay &c., supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelopes, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.
mar26-1y.

FRIENDS AND RELATIVES OF THE BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS And Ointment.

ALL WHO have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care that they be amply supplied with those Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

COUGHS AND COLDS AFFECTING TROOPS

Will be speedily removed and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

SICK HEADACHES AND WANT OF APPETITE INCIDENTAL TO SOLDIERS.

These feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly a produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

WEAKNESS OR DEBILITY INDUCED BY OVER FATIGUE,

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

VOLUNTEERS ATTENTION! INDISCRETIONS OF YOUTH.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotchings and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

FOR WOUNDS EITHER OCCASIONED BY THE BAYONET, OR SABRE OR THE BULLET, SORES OR BRUISES,

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's knapsack and Seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies.

600 000 MALE OR FEMALE AGENTS

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Lloyd's New Steel Plate County Colored Map of the United States, Canadas, and New Brunswick.

From recent surveys, completed Aug. 10, 1862; cost $20,000 to engrave it, and one year's time.

Superior to any $10 map ever made by Colton or Mitchell, and sells at the low price of Fifty Cents; 370,000 names are engraved on this map.

It is not only a County map, but it is also a COUNTY & RAILROAD MAP of the U. S. & Canadas combined in one, giving Every Railroad Station and distances between.

Guarantee any woman or man $3 to $5 per day, add will take back all maps that cannot be sold and refund the money.

Send for $1 worth to try.

Printed instructions how to canvass well furnished all our agents.

Wanted—Wholesale Agents for our maps in every State, California, Canada, England, France and Cuba A fortune may be made with a few hundred dollars capital. *No competition.* J. F. LLOYD, 164 Broadway, N. Y.

The War Department uses our map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania, cost $100,000, on which is marked Antietam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Hights, Williamsport Ferry, Bhorersville, Noland's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in the above named States, or money refunded.

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From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

"LLOYD'S MAP OF VIRGINIA, MARYLAND AND PENNSYLVANIA.—The map is very large; its cost is but 25 cents, and *it is the best which can be purchased.*"

Lloyd's Great Map of the Mississippi River.—From Actual Surveys by Capts. Bart and Wm Bown, Mississippi River Pilots, of St. Louis, Mo., shows every man's plantation and owner's name from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,350 miles—every sand-bar, island, town, landing, and all places 20 miles back from the river—colored in counties and States, Price, $1 in sheets. $2, pocket form, and $2,50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept. 20.

Navy Department, Washington, Sept. 16, 1862.

J. T. Lloyd—Sir: Send me your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron, is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squadron.

GIDEON WELLS, Secretary of the Navy.

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JOSEPH HALL, Proprietor,
Beaver, Pa.

HAVING thoroughly fitted up this house, he is now prepared to accommodate his friends, and the public generally, in the most satisfactory manner. [may62

JOHN B. YOUNG,

Att'y at Law,

(BEAVER, PA.)

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Jan. 20, 1862.

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ITS loves and hates, sorrows and augers, hopes and fears, regrets and joys; MANHOOD, how lost, how restored; the nature treatment and radical cure of spermaterrhœa or seminal weakness; involuntary emissions, sexual debility and impediments to marriage generally; nervousness, consumption, fits, mental and physical incapacity, resulting from SELF-ABUSE—are fully explained in the MARRIAGE GUIDE, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This most extraordinary book should be in the hands of every young person contemplating marriage, and every man or woman who desires to limit the number of their offspring to their circumstances. Every pain, disease and ache incidental to youth, maturity and old age, is fully explained; every particle of knowledge that should be known is here given. It is full of engravings. In fact, it discloses secrets that every one should know; still it is a book that must be locked up, and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of twenty-five cents in specie or postage stamps. Address DR. WM. YOUNG, 416 Spruce st., above Fourth, Philadelphia.

☞ *Afflicted and Unfortunate*, no matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any of the notorious QUACKS—native or foreign—who advertise in this or any other paper, get a copy of Dr. Young's book, and read it carefully. It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health, and possibly your life.

DR. YOUNG can be consulted on any of the diseases described in his publication, at his office, 416 Spruce Street, above Fourth, Philadelphia.

☞ Office hours from 9 to 3, daily. [mar26

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With Great Improvements and Additions,

THE SUMMER NUMBER CONTAINS

FOUR LARGE & SPLENDID FASHION-PLATES, THREE FULL-SIZED PATTERNS OF DRESSES,

COMPRISING THE

New French Waist, an Elegant Sleeve, and a Misses Sack, and a Sheet of New and Beautiful

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Together with nearly 100 Engravings of all the novelties for

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THE NEXT TERM WILL COMMENCE

Tuesday, March 24th, 1863,

And continue 14 weeks. The aim of the school is to make its pupils thorough, especially in the Common Branches.

A Normal Class,

for the benefit of those wishing to fit themselves for teaching, will be formed at the commencement of the term.

Board, Room rent, &c. $38 00

Tuition varies from $3,50 to $8,00

☞ For further particulars inquire of the President of Faculty.

mar4'63 R. T. TAYLOR.

Dividend No. 10.

BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY,
New Brighton, May 6, 1863.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Bank, for the past 6 months, has been declared this day, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives, ON DEMAND. This dividend will be free of the United States Tax, the Bank having assumed the payment of the same to the Government.

EDWARD HOOPS,
my13'63 Cashier

MILO A. TOWNSEND,

DEALER IN
BOOKS, STATIONERY
Wall Paper,
TOYS AND FANCY I RACLES
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$25. Employment! $75.

AGENTS WANTED.

We will pay from $25 to $75 per month, and all expenses, to active Agents, or give a commission. Particulars sent free. Address *Erie Sewing Machine Company*, R. JAMES, General Agent, Milan, O. may6

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Third Street, Beaver, Penn'a
S. KERR, Proprietor.

BENTEL, ARBUCKLE & CO

MANUFACTUTERS OF
CARBON OIL,
ROCHESTER,
BEAVER COUNTY, PA. [ap2

$1,00 REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in New Galilee, Beaver county, on Sunday 14th inst., an indented boy from the House of Refuge, named CHARLES W. LONG; about 16 years of age, dark hair, heavy countenance, slender form; had on blue jean roundabout and pants. All persons are warned not to harbor or trust him on my account. I will pay the above reward, and no further charges, to any one returning him.

je20,63 THOMAS GRANT.

The Bugle Calls! The War has Begun! War of Extermination against Bad Teeth, Bad Breath, Diseased Gums, Toothache, Earache, and Neuralgia.

OUR ARTILLERY IS

DR. WM. B. HURD'S DENTAL TREASURY

A COMPLETE SET OF REMEDIES FOR

PRESERVING THE TEETH

Purifying the Breath and Mouth

AND

uring Toothache and Neuralgia.

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Dr. Hurd's Celebrated MOUTH WASH, bottle.

Dr. Hurd's Unequalled TOOTH POWDER, one box.

Dr. Hurd's Magic TOOTHACHE DROPS, one bottle.

Dr. Hurd's UNRIVALED NEURALGIA PLASTER.

Dr. Hurd's MANUAL on the Best Means of Preserving the Teeth, including Directions for Proper Treatment of Children's Teeth.

FLOSS SILK for Cleaning between the Teeth.

TOOTH PICKS, etc., etc.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, Fourth St., Brooklyn, (E. D.)

Price, ONE DOLLAR; or SIX $5.

☞ The *Dental Treasury* makes a package eight inches by five, and is sent by express.

☞ *Full directions for use* on each

The following articles we can send separately, by mail, viz:

The *Treatise on Preserving the Teeth* sent, paid, on receipt of TWELVE CENTS, or stamps.

The *Neuralgia Plaster* for Neuralgia in the Face, Nervous Headache, and Earache, sent post paid, on receipt of *Eighteen Cents* stamps.

The *Neuralgia and Rheumatic Plaster* size,) for Pains in the Chest, Shoulders, Back, or any part of the body, sent post paid, on receipt of *Thirty-seven cents.*

Address,

WM. B. HURD, Co.
Tribune Buildings, New York

Dr. Hurd's MOUTH WASH, TOOTH POWDER and *TOOTHACHE DROPS* cannot be sent by mail, but they can probably be obtained at your Drug or Periodical Stores. If they cannot, send to us for the DENTAL TREASURY, Price, ONE DOLLAR, which contains them.

NOW.

ARE DR. HURD'S PREPARATIONS GOOD

The best evidences that they are is, that the firmest friends and best patrons are those who have used them longest. *Dr. Wm. B. Hurd* an eminent Dentist of Brooklyn, Treasurer of the New York State Dentists' Association, and these preparations have been used in his private practice for years, and no leading citizen of Brooklyn or Williamsburg questions their excellence, while eminent Dentists of New York recommend them as the best known to the profession. Without the aid of a single ing, dealers have sold them by *the gross.*

The Editor of the *Brooklyn Daily Times* says:

"We are happy to know that our friend, *Dr. Hurd*, is succeeding beyond all expectations with his MOUTH WASH and TOOTH POWDER. The great secret of his success is with the fact *that his articles are precisely what they are represented to be, as we can testify from their long use.*"

The well known P. T. Barnum writes: found your TOOTH POWDER so good that my family have used it all up. *We find it the best powder for the teeth we have ever used.* I shall feel obliged if you will send me another supply at the Museum at your convenience, with bill."

But their cost is so small that every one may test the matter for himself.

☞ Beware of the ordinary Tooth Powders. Dr. Hurd's Tooth Powder contains no acid, nor alkali, nor charcoal, and polishes without wearing the enamel. Use no other.

WHAT WILL DR. HURD'S REMEDIES EFFECT?

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will give young ladies that finest charm in woman—a sweet breath and pearly teeth. Try them, ladies.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will cleanse the mouth from all foul exhalations, and if used in the morning, will make the breakfast taste sweeter and the day begin more pleasantly. Hundreds of persons testify to this. Try them, gentlemen!

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth are the the best preparations in the curing *bad breath* and giving health to the gums. Hundreds of *Diseased Bleeding Gums, Sore Mouth,* etc., have been cured by Dr. Hurd's astringent wash.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder give an additional charm to courtship, make husbands more agreeable to their wives and wives to their husbands. They should be used by every person having

ARTIFICIAL TEETH,

which are liable to impart a taint to the

Dr. Hurd's Toothache Droops cure ache arising from exposed nerves, and are best friends that parents can have in the to save their children from torture and selves from loss of sleep and sympathetic ering.

Farmers and mechanics! you cannot afford to neglect your teeth. For a trifling you can now get preservatives, than Rothschild or Astor can get nothing better. Remember that *Dyspepsia and Consumption of the Lungs* often originate in neglect of the Send for the *Treatise on Teeth*, and read Fitch's observations on this subject. late to arrest decay in your own teeth your children's teeth.

NEURALGIA PLASTERS.—Dr. Neuralgia Non-Adhesive Plasters are pleasant and successful remedies ever ed for this painful disease. The patient plies one, soon becomes drowsy, falls and awakes free from pain, and no blister other unpleasant or injurious consequence sue. For *Earache* and *Nervous Headache* ply according to directions, and relief surely follow. Nothing can be obtained to Dr. Hurd's Compress for Neuralgia them. They are entirely a novel, curious original preparation, and wonderfully successful. They are of two sizes, one small, face, price 15 cents, and the other, large, application to the body, price 37 cents *be mailed on receipt of price and one stamp.*

WHAT ARE THE PEOPLE DOING

The American people are intelligent enough to appreciate preparations that contribute to happiness of those using them, and wont them. Every mail brings us letters ordering the Treatise on Teeth, some the Neuralgia Plasters, and not a few one for the Mouth Wash, to be sent by mail; to these we are compelled to reply that it impossible to send a half-pint bottle by The people want these Remedies. *supply them?*

Now is the

CHANCE FOR AGENTS.

Shrewd agents can make a small fortune carrying these articles around to families. Dental Treasury is the neatest article that man or woman can carry around. Send one and see, or, better, a dozen, which will sell, as samples, for $7. Agents supplied liberally with circulars. ☞ Now is the to go into the business, to do good, and a profit. We are spending thousands for benefit of agents. New England men! men! here is something nice, and a chance take the tide at its flood. Address,

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